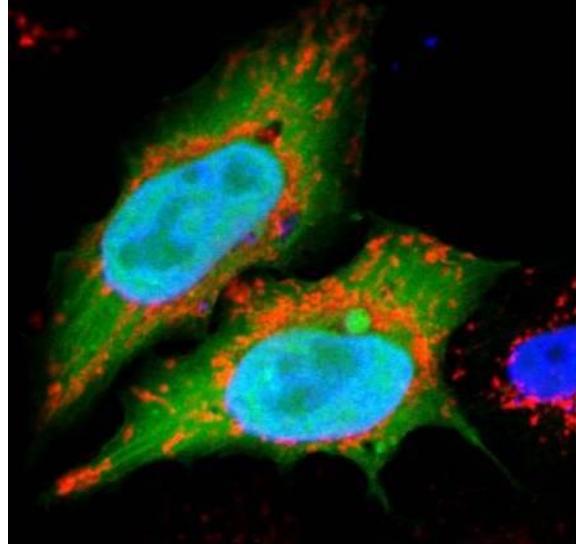


Genes involved in human growth and skeletal development

Geert R Mortier, MD, PhD
Center for Medical Genetics
Ghent University Hospital
Ghent, Belgium

Skeletal development



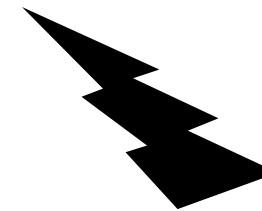
migration

mitosis



differentiation

apoptosis



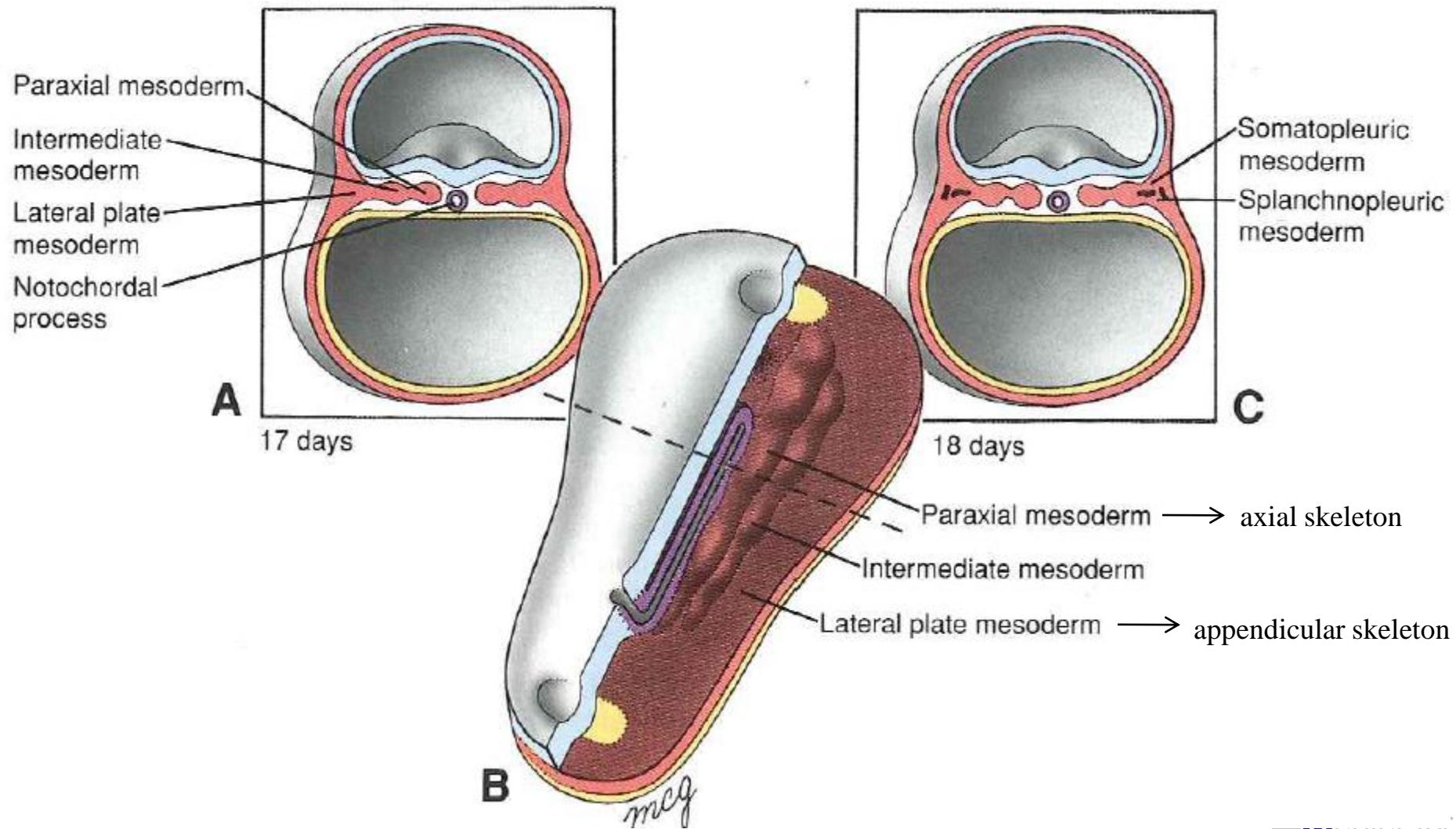
MANY GENES



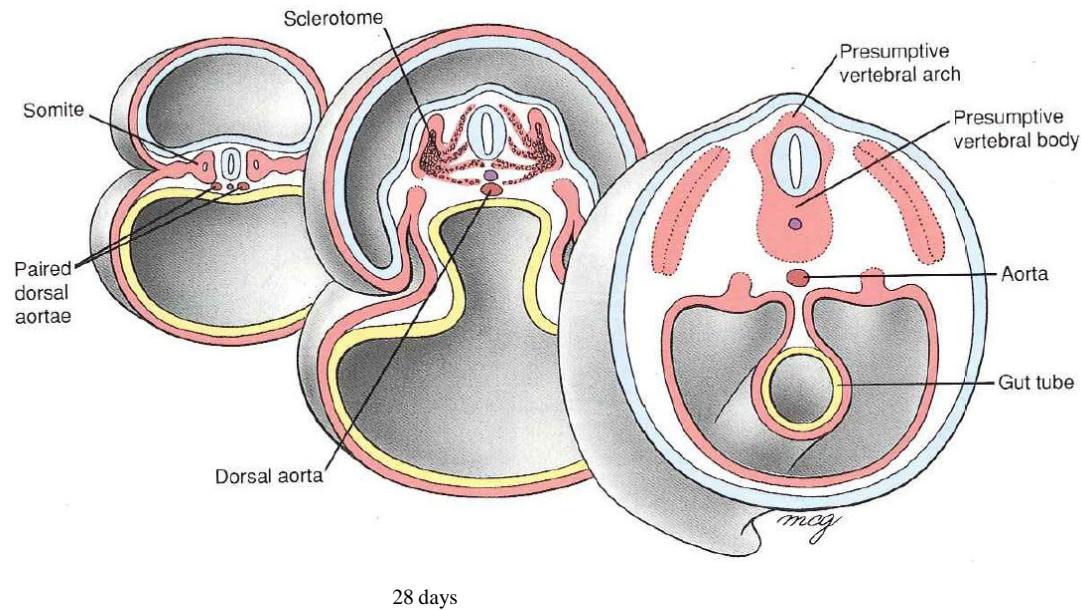
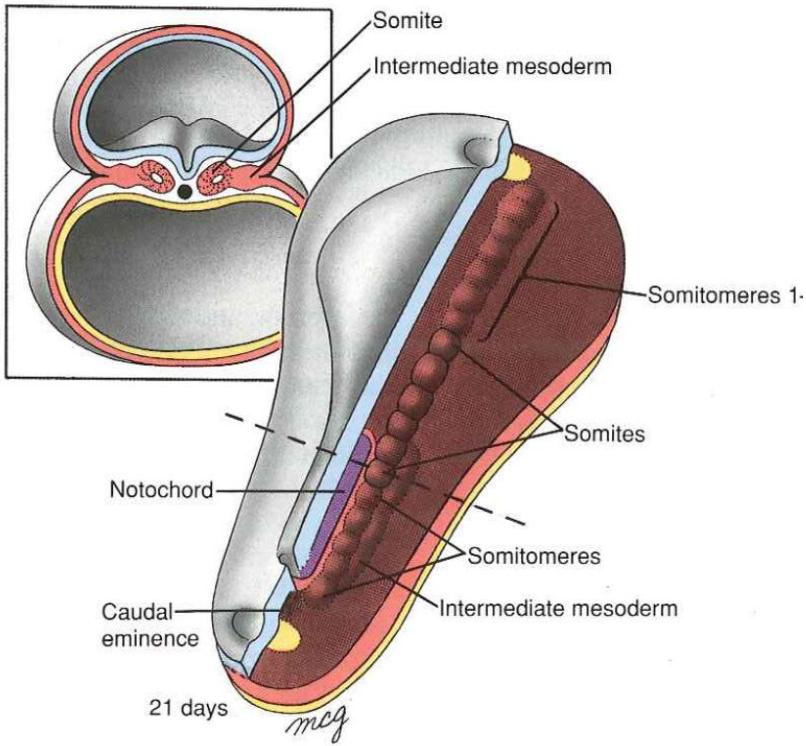
Identification of genes involved in growth and skeletal development

- study of animal models
- study of rare genetic disorders
- genome wide association studies

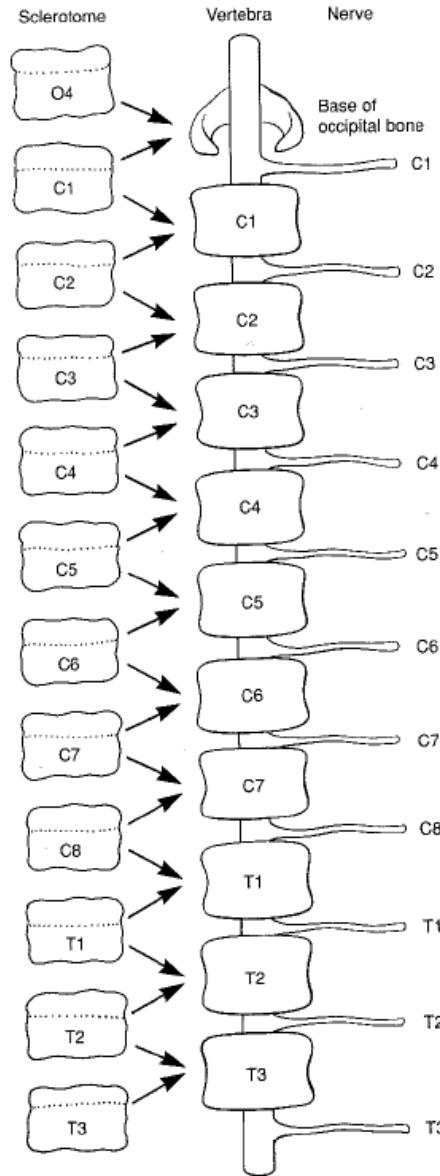
Skeletal development



Somitogenesis



Patterning of axial skeleton – defects in somitogenesis

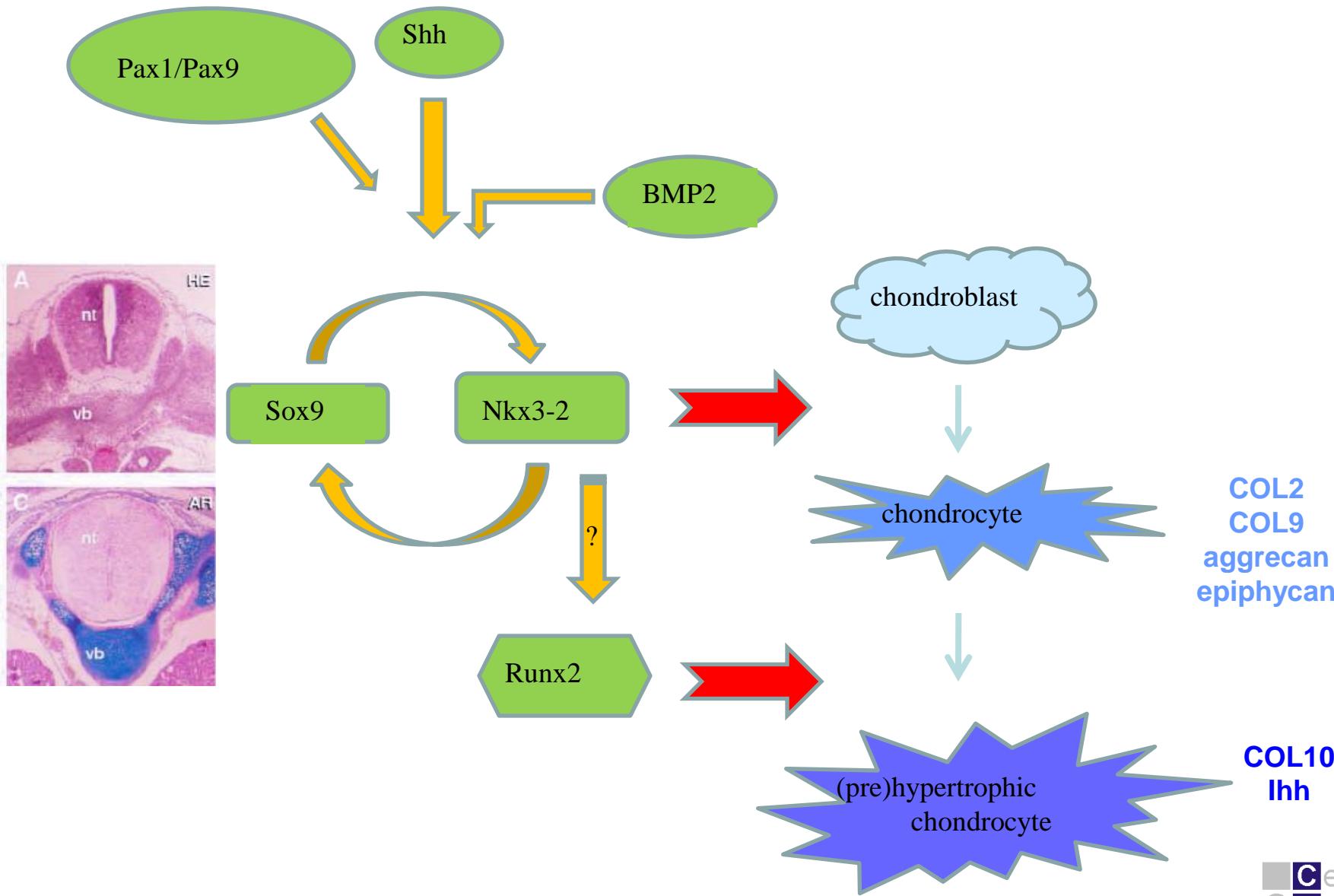


spondylocostal dysostosis



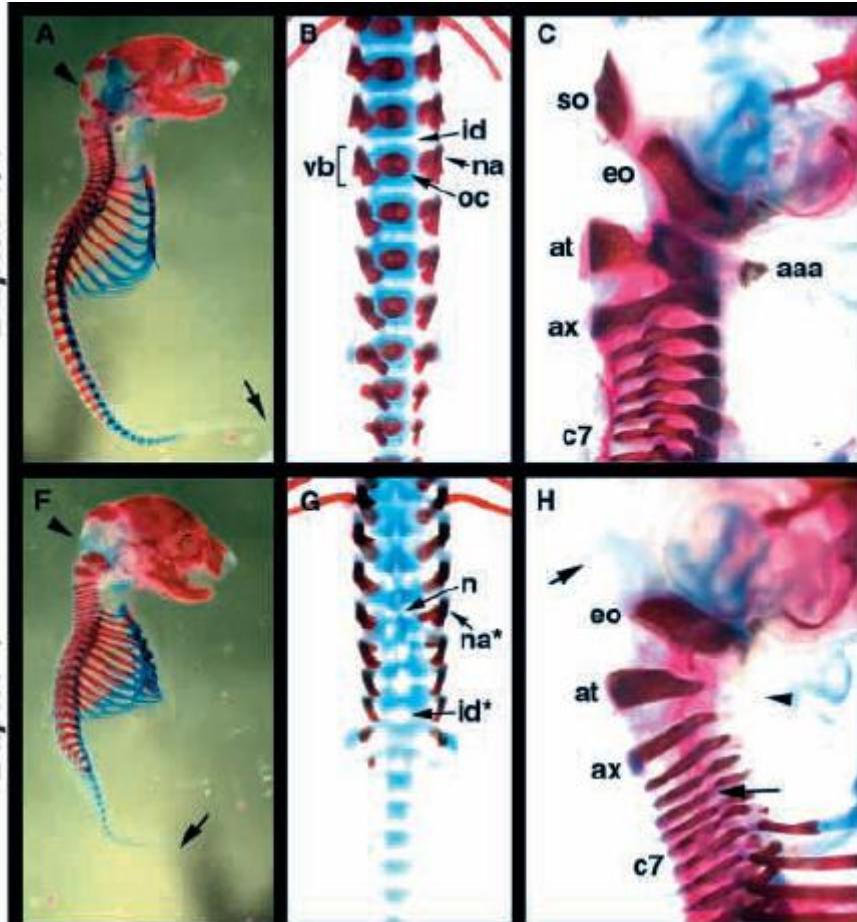
p.Q360X/p.Q360X in *DLL3*

Somitic chondrogenesis

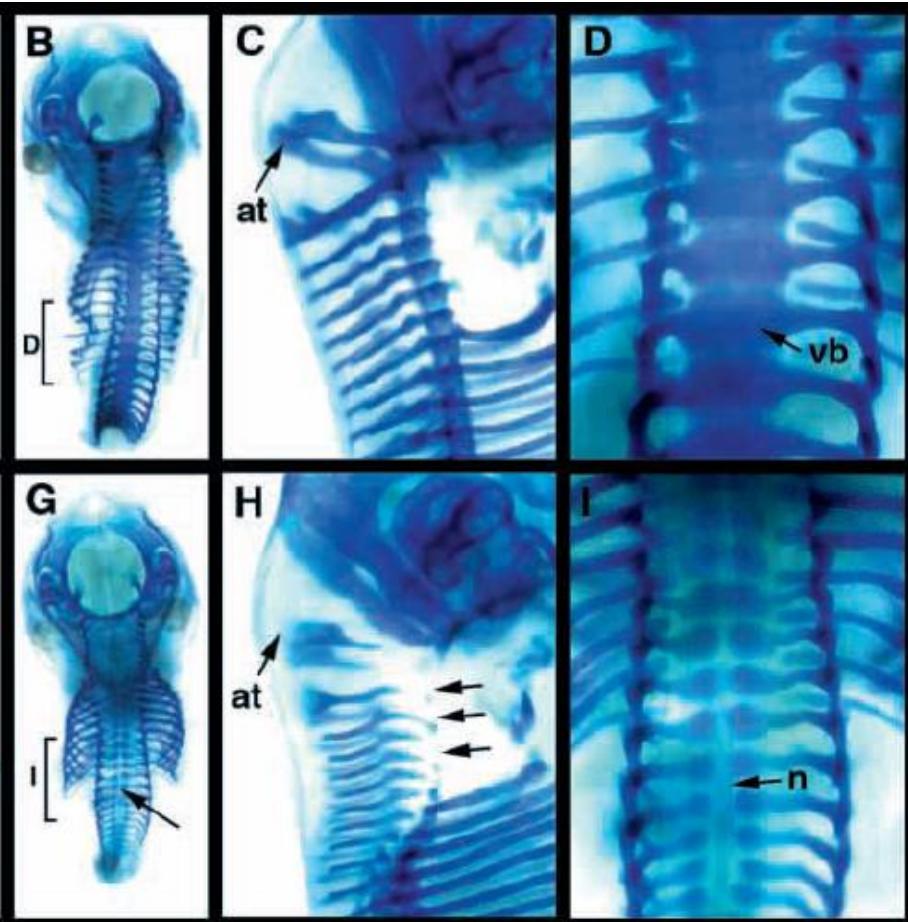


Nkx3-2 (Bapx1) knockout mouse

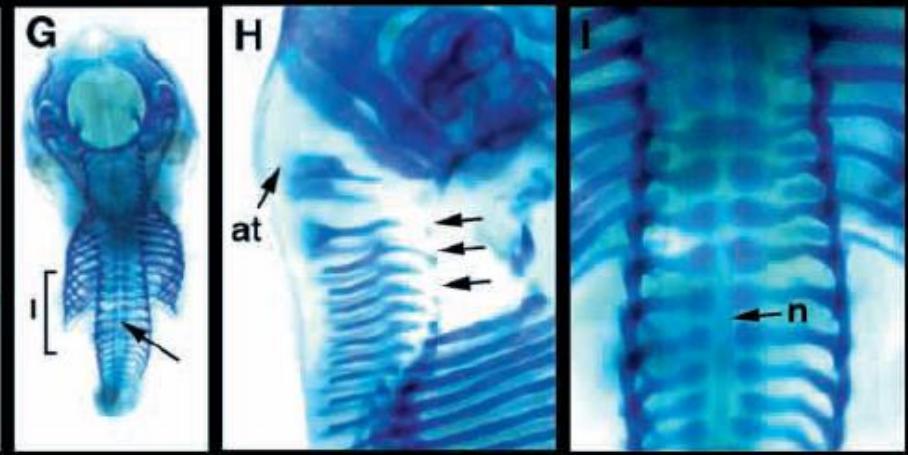
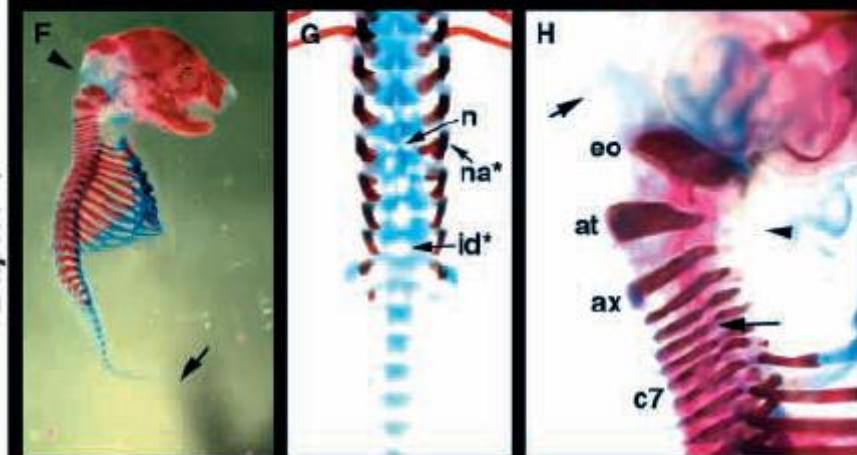
E18.5 embryos



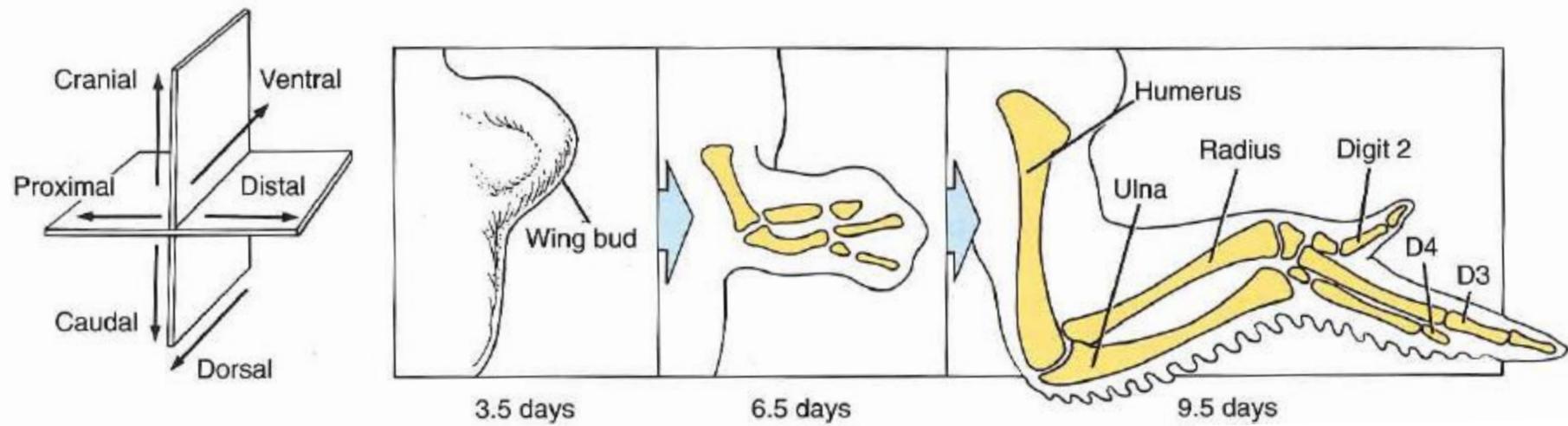
E14.5 embryos



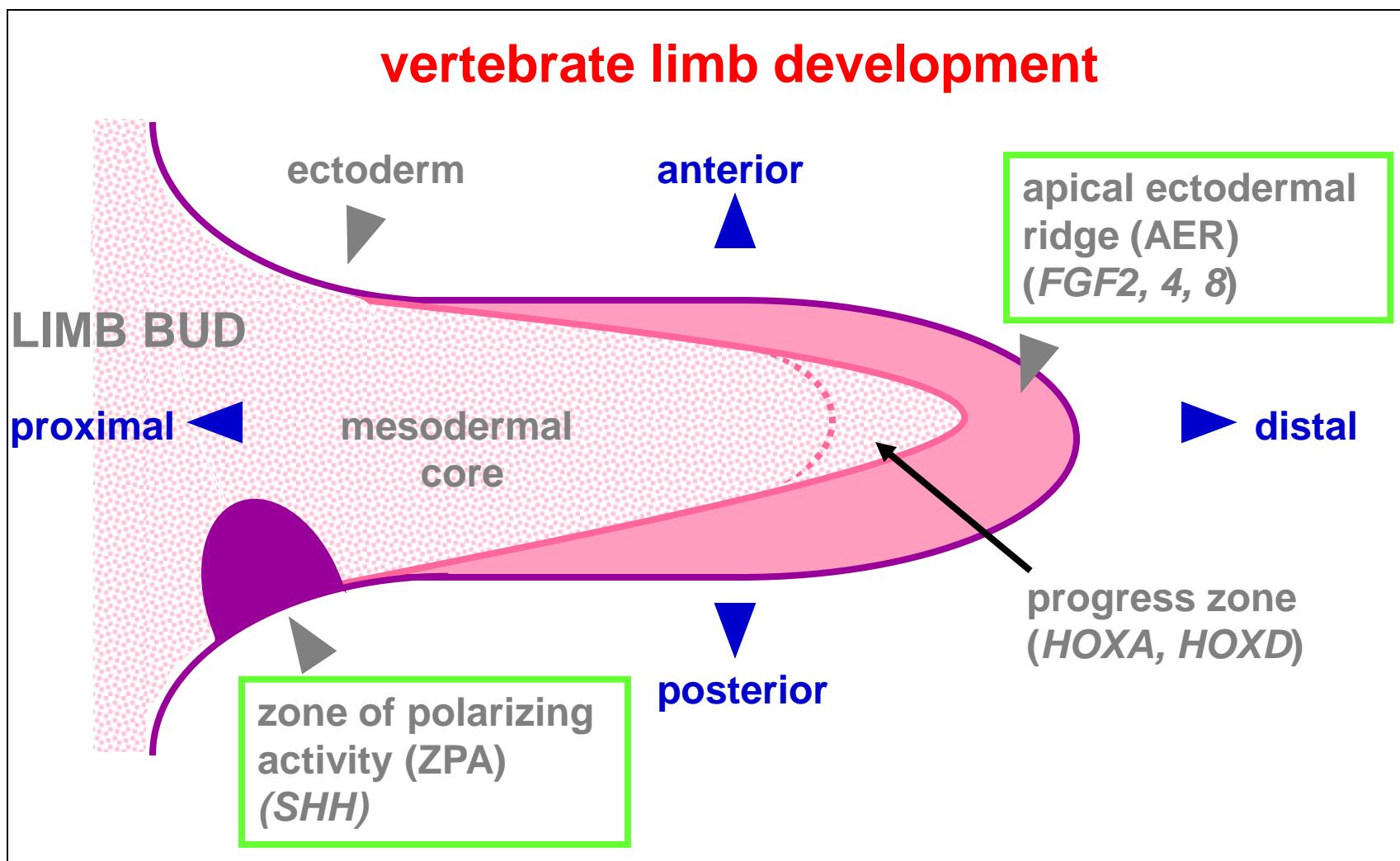
Bapx1 -/-



Patterning of limb buds



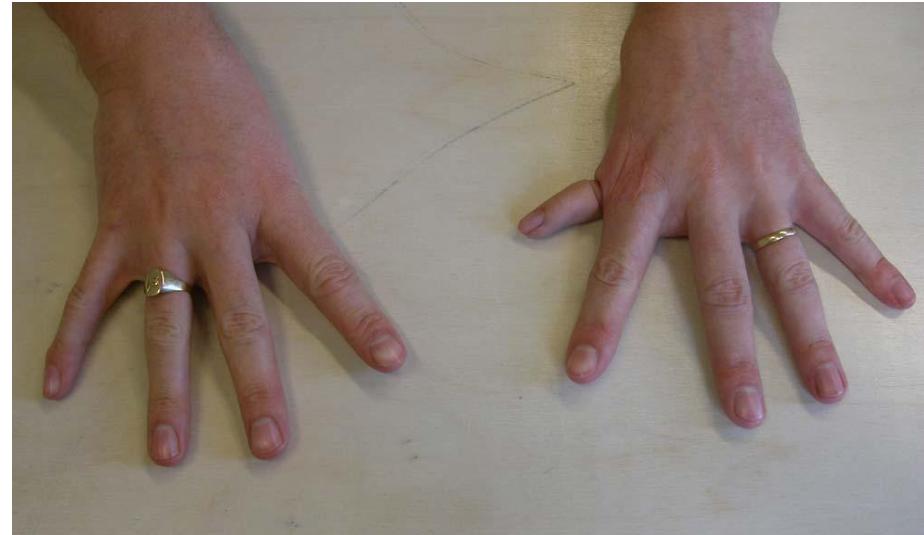
Patterning of limb buds



Disorders affecting skeletal patterning

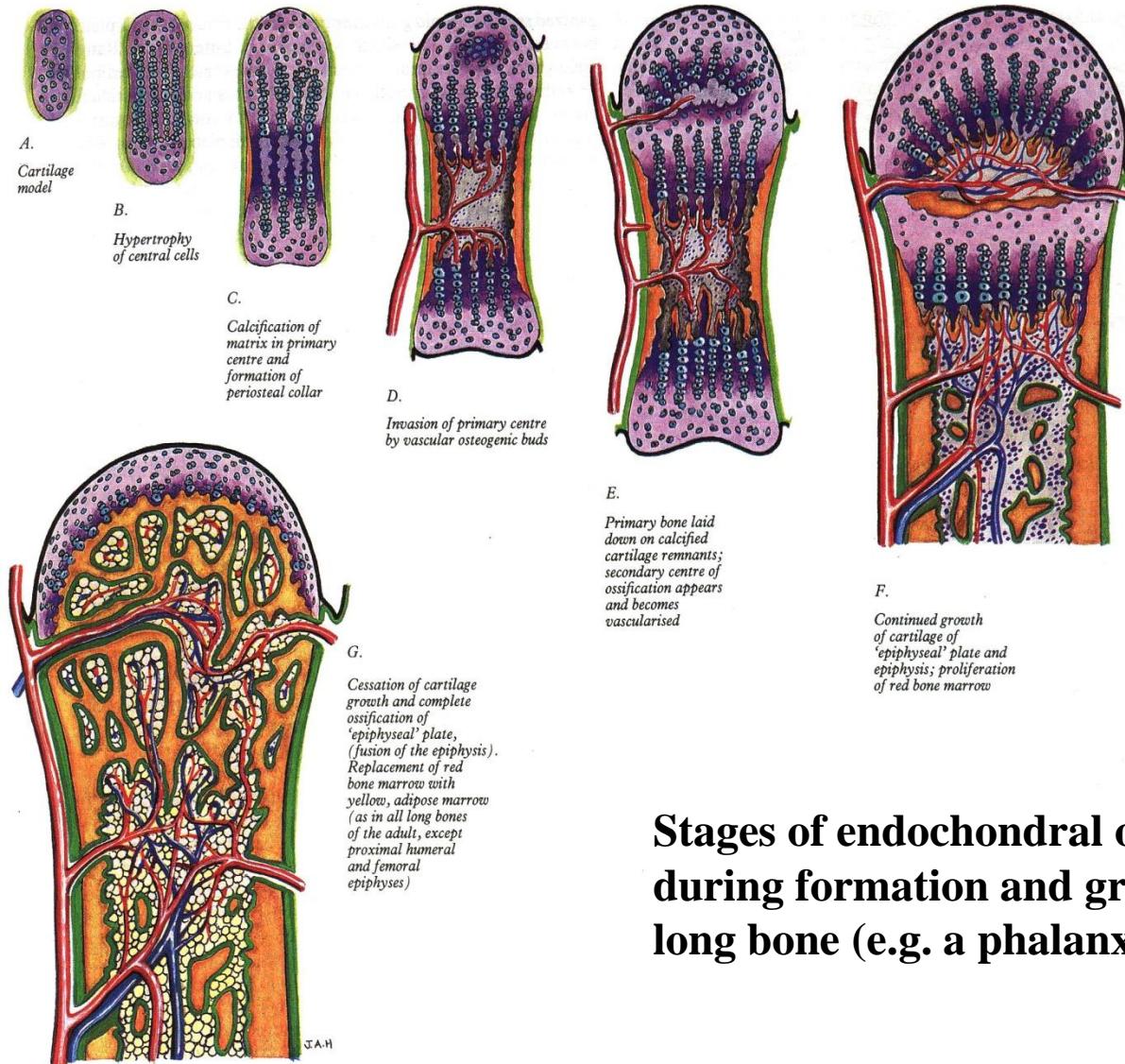


Townes-Brock syndrome (*SALL1*)



Holt-Oram syndrome (*TBX5*)

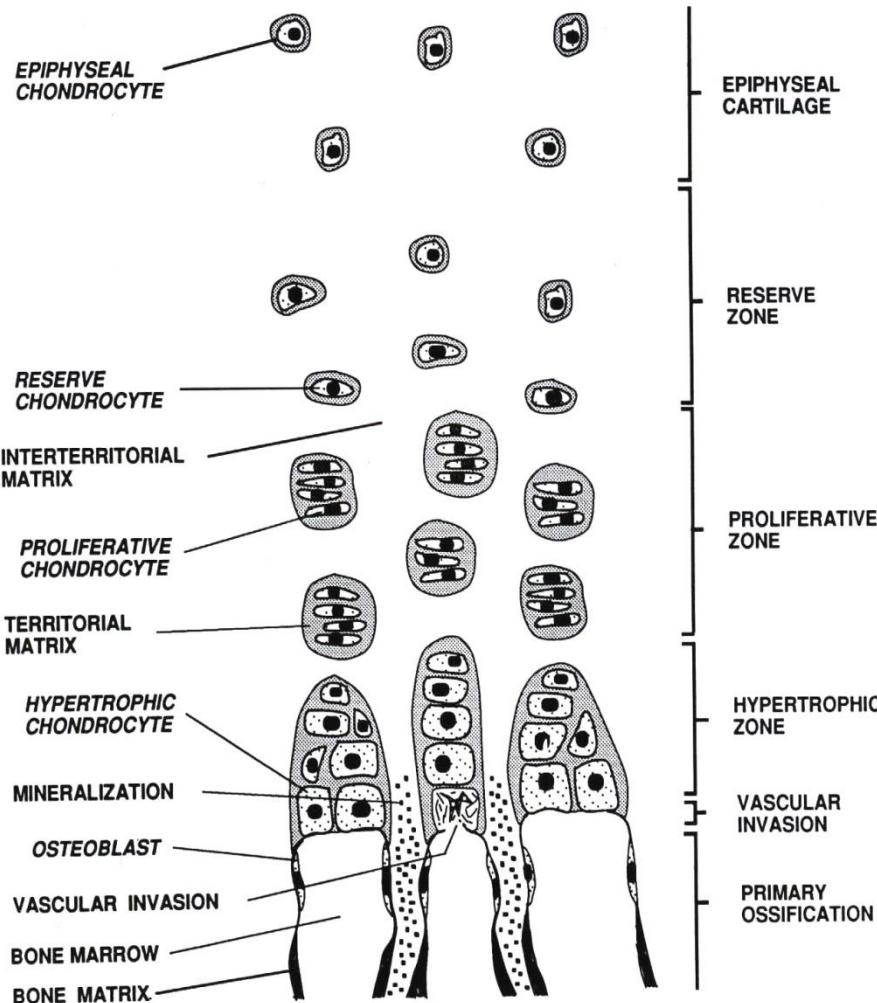
Endochondral ossification



Stages of endochondral ossification during formation and growth of a long bone (e.g. a phalanx)

Adapted from Williams PL et al. Gray's Anatomy. Edinburgh: Churchill Livingstone, 1993

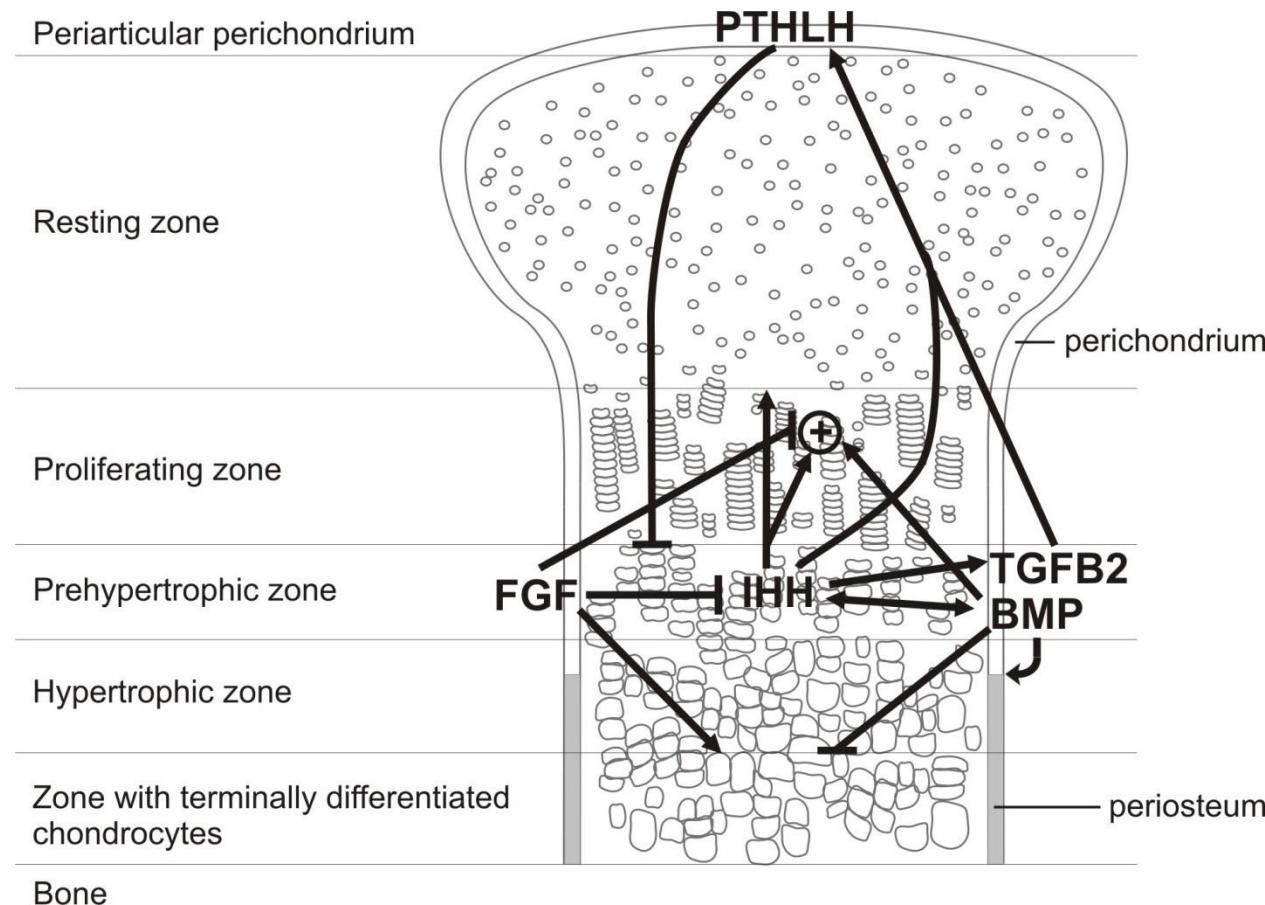
Growth plate



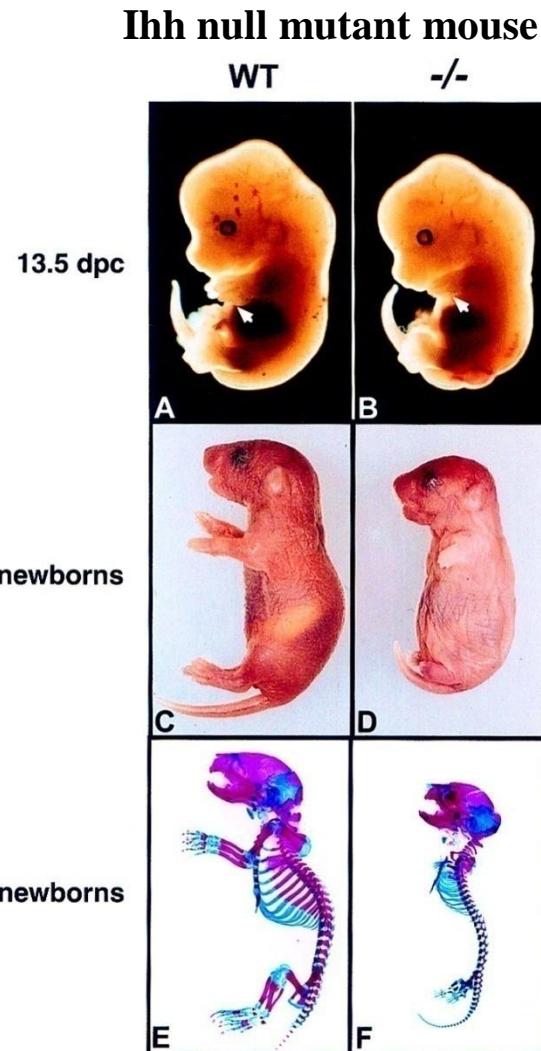
proliferation/differentiation balance

integrity of extracellular matrix

The Indian Hedgehog protein (IHH)



Indian Hedgehog knockout mouse



St-Jacques B et al. Genes Dev 1999;13:2072

The role of IHH in human growth



Multiple epiphyseal dysplasia ?



Hypochondroplasia ?

The role of IHH in human growth

Normal hand



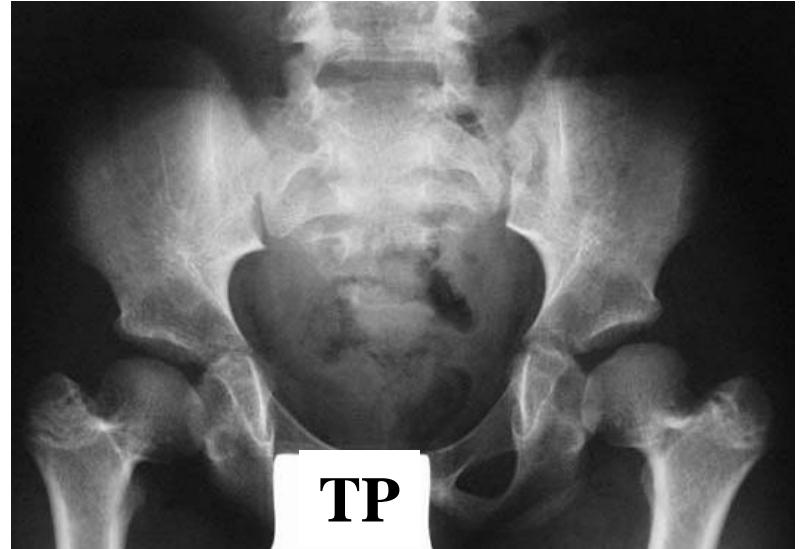
TP



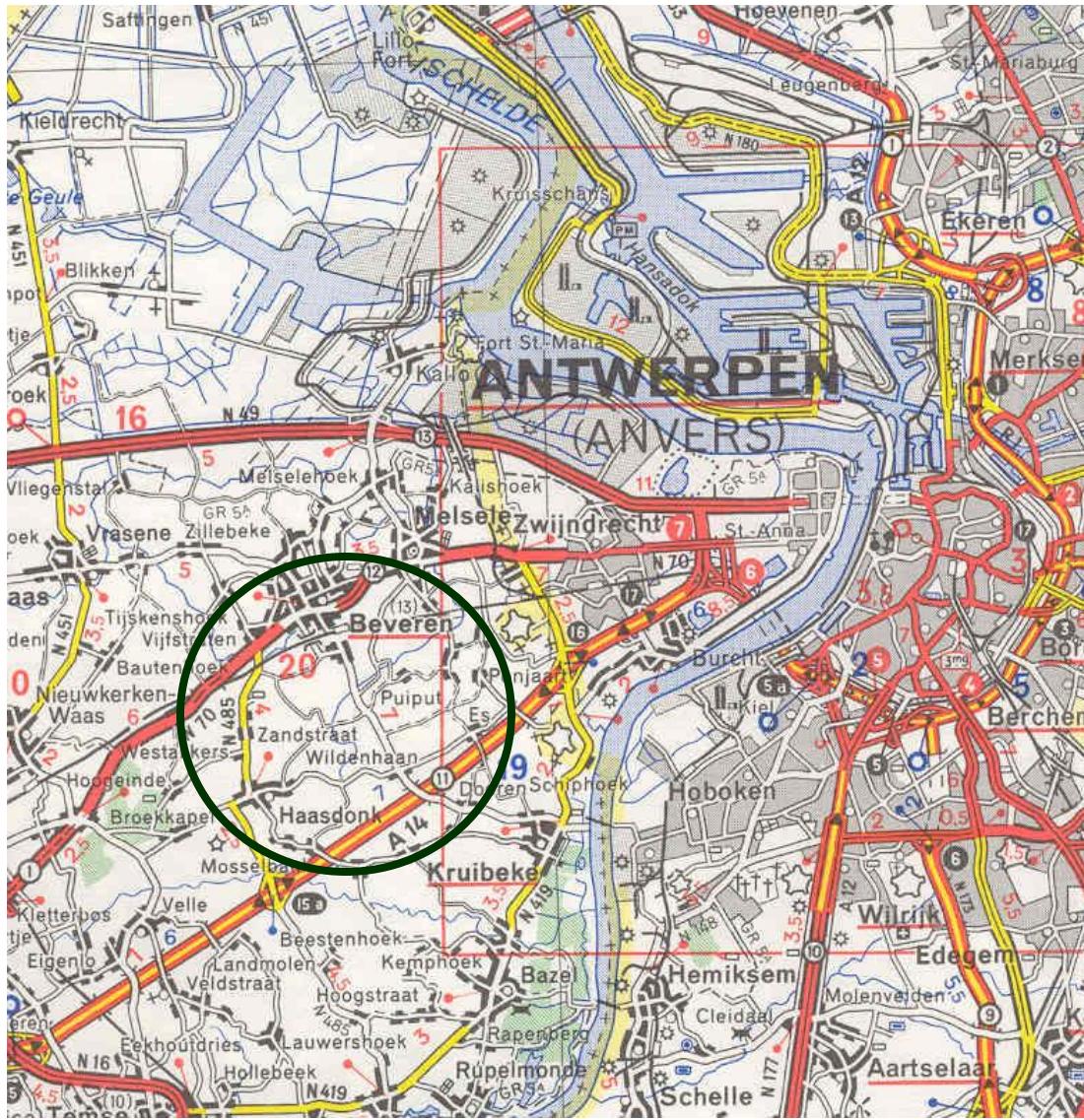
SP



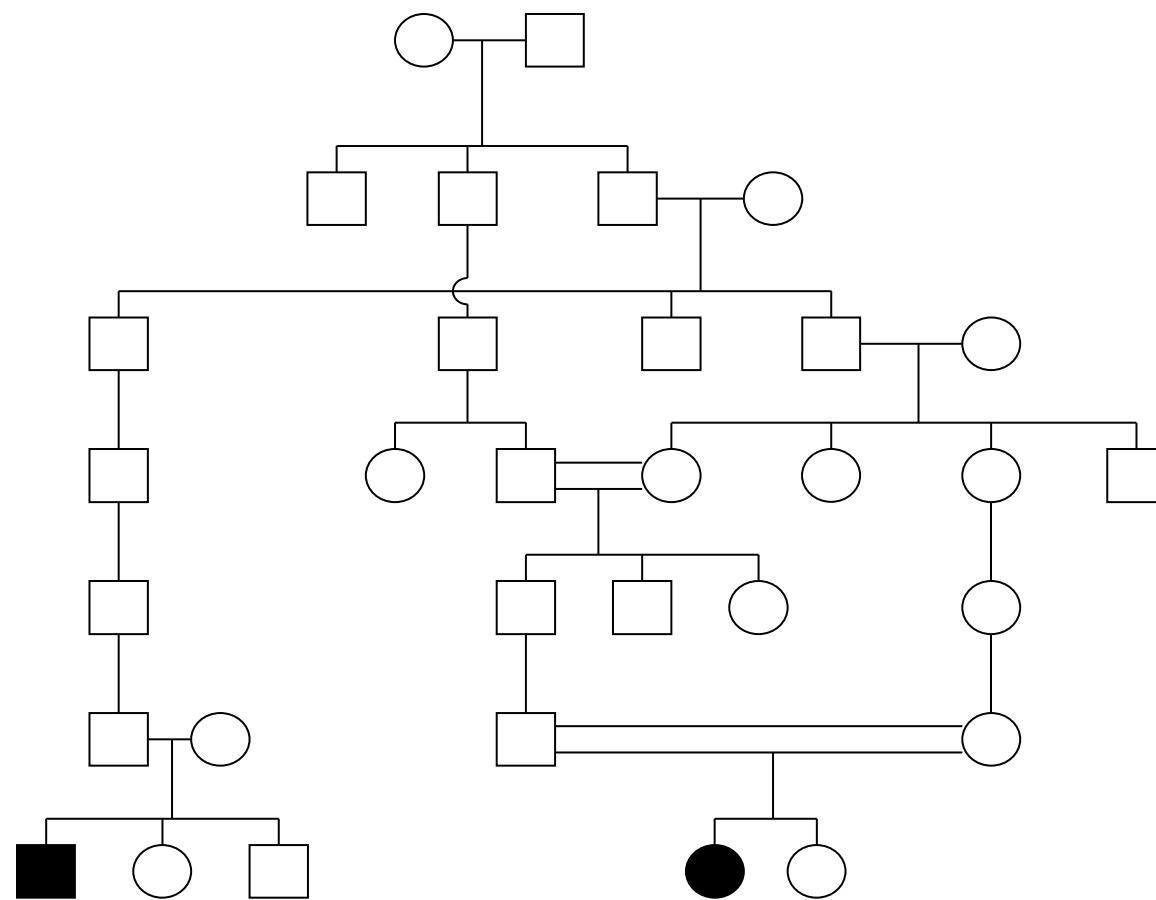
The role of IHH in human growth



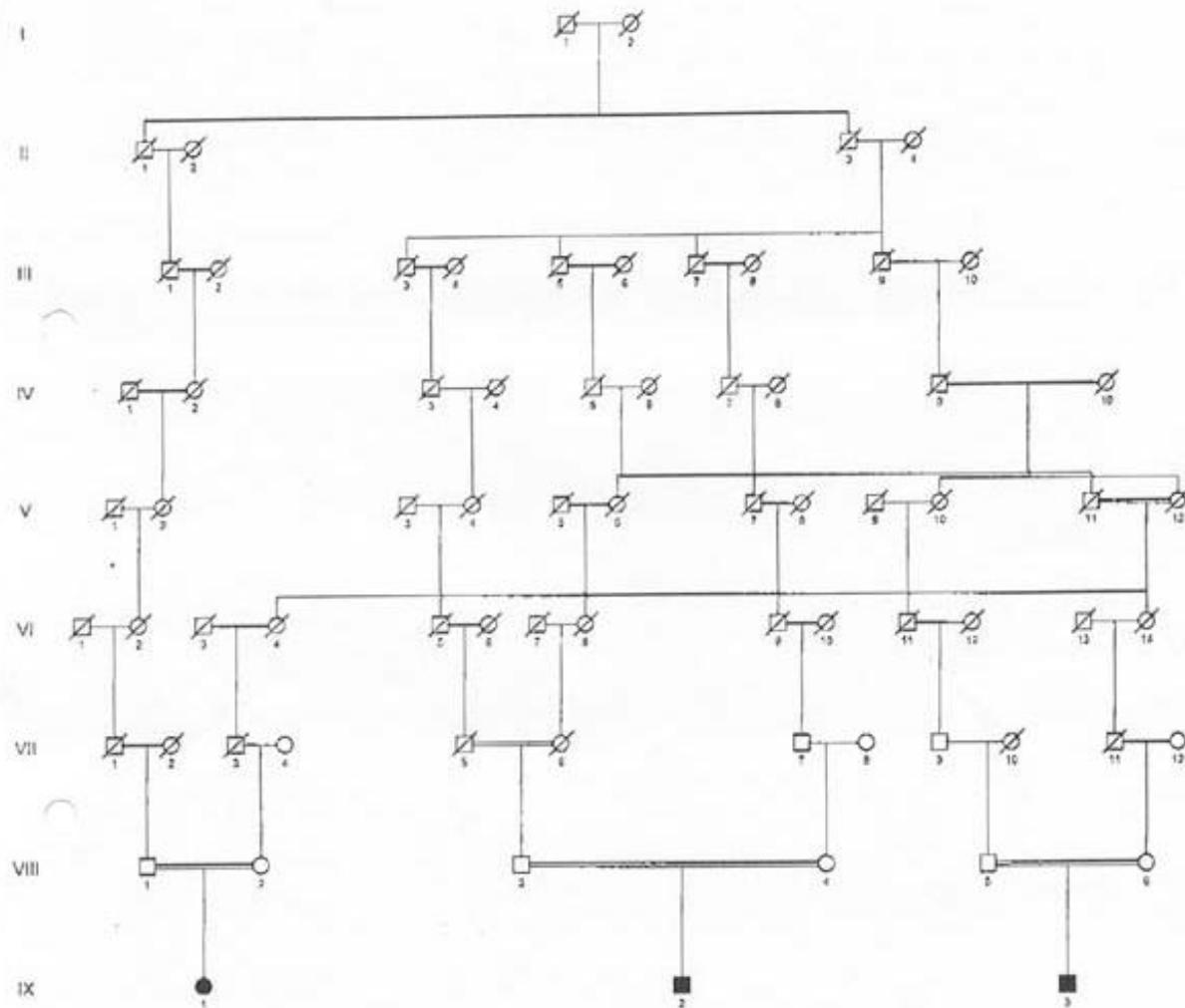
The role of IHH in human growth



The role of IHH in human growth



The role of IHH in human growth



Unfilled

Unfilled

Unfilled



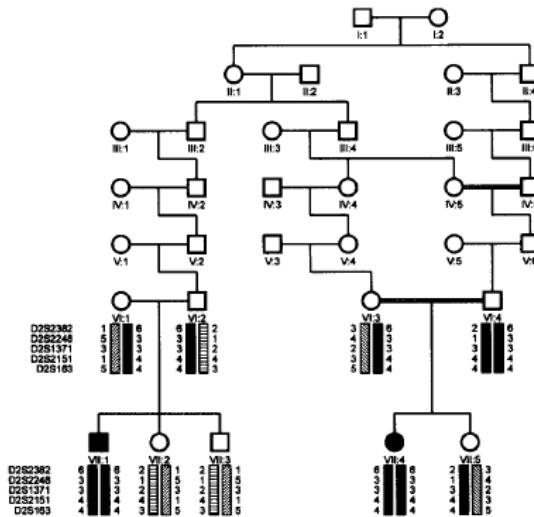
Acrocapitofemoral dysplasia



ACROCAPITOFEMORAL DYSPLASIA

Mortier GR et al. J Med Genet 2003;40:201

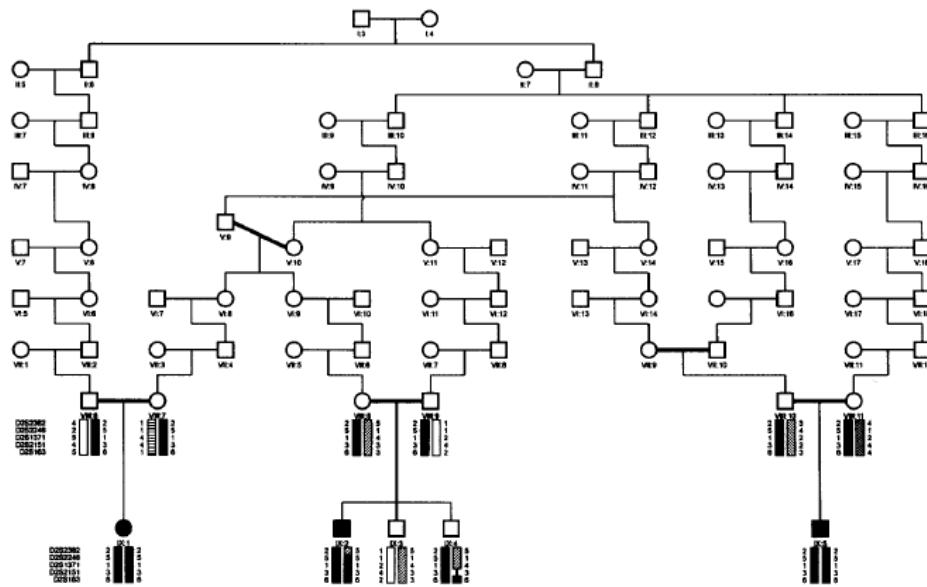
Homozygosity mapping



Two-Point LOD Scores for Linkage of the ACFD Locus to Chromosome 2q35-q36

Marker	Position ^a	Combined LOD Score at $\theta =$					Family 1		Family 2		Families 1 and 2	
		.00	.01	.05	.10	.30	Z _{max}	θ	Z _{max}	θ	Z _{max}	θ
D2S2382	213.49	—∞	7.01	6.81	5.96	2.03	3.24	0	3.89	.05	7.09	.02
D2S2248	214.71	8.02	7.80	6.92	5.789	1.66	1.90	0	6.12	0	8.02	0
D2S1371	215.25	6.32	6.11	5.28	4.26	.97	1.40	0	4.92	0	6.32	0
D2S2151	218.45	5.02	4.85	4.17	3.34	.74	.63	0	4.40	0	5.02	0
D2S163	218.45	—∞	10.85	10.62	9.72	4.98	2.02	0	8.89	.01	10.92	.02

^a The position is given in centiMorgans according to the Marshfield map.



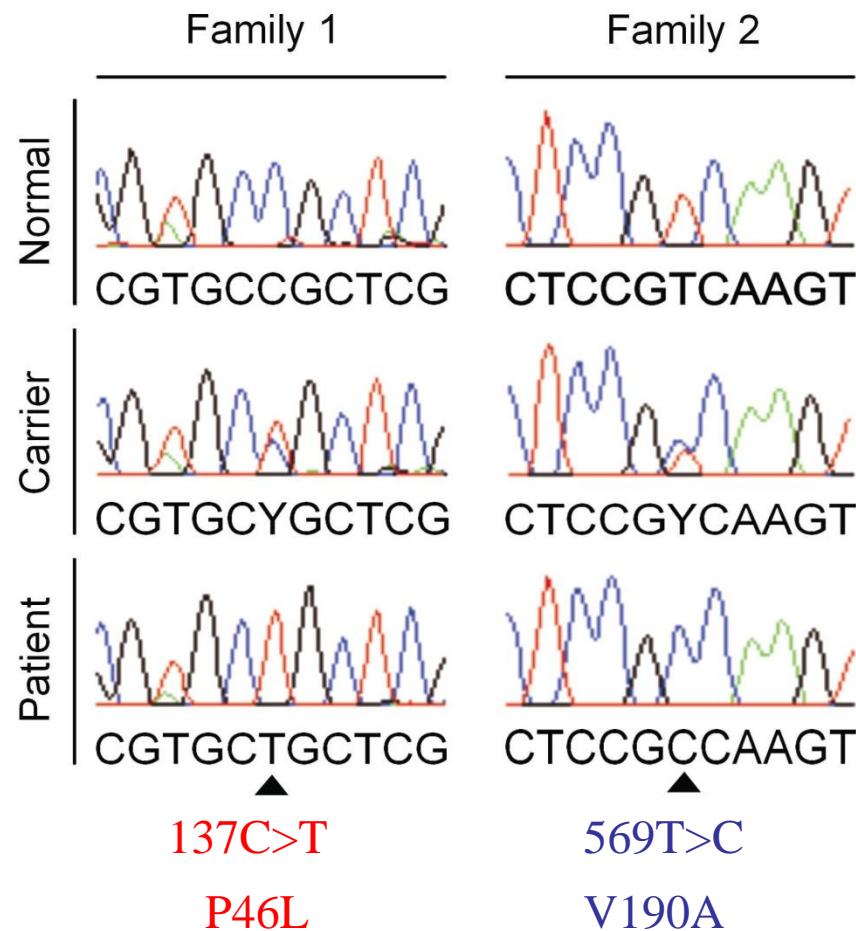
Hellemans J et al. Am J Hum Genet 2003;72:1040

Candidate gene approach

217968292	217982124	SLC11A1	-	sv ev - seq mm	C	2q35
217985853	217992038	NLI-IF	+	sv ev - seq mm	C	2q35
218005220	218036527	VIL1	+	sv ev hm seq mm	C	2q35-q36
218039349	218154461	KIAA1594	-	sv ev - seq mm	C	2q35
218154765	218182530	RQCD1	+	sv ev hm seq mm	C	2q35
218193542	218223279	PLCD4	+	sv ev hm seq mm	C	2q35
218224017	218245730	ZNF142	-	sv ev - seq mm	C	2q34-q35
218245772	218249540	BCS1L	+	sv ev hm seq mm	C	2q33
218249963	218258156	RNF25	-	sv ev hm seq mm	C	2q35
218258167	218288811	STK36	+	sv ev hm seq mm	C	2q35
218296992	218341511	KIAA0173	+	sv ev - seq mm	C	2p24.3-p24.1
218367835	218401390	CYP27A1	+	sv ev hm seq mm	C	2q33-qter
218406259	218408617	LOC285181	+	sv ev - seq mm	I	2q35
218408481	218417886	PRKAG3	-	sv ev - seq mm	C	2q35
218445920	218460325	WNT6	+	sv ev hm seq mm	C	2q35
218466629	218480025	WNT10A	+	sv ev hm seq mm	C	2q35
218539497	218540049	LOC130623	-	sv ev - seq mm	PE	2q35
218545747	218547741	CDK5R2	+	sv ev hm seq mm	C	2q35
218562380	218564017	LOC151300	+	sv ev - seq mm	I	2q35
218567183	218571753	HSRNAFEV	-	sv ev - seq mm	C	2q36
218576286	218579501	CRYBA2	-	sv ev hm seq mm	C	2q34-q36
218588950	218595227	LOC255101	-	sv ev - seq mm	I	2q35
218604767	218605799	LOC200760	-	sv ev - seq mm	E	2q35
218617352	218627619	MGC35338	-	sv ev - seq mm	C	2q35
218640521	218645282	IHH	-	sv ev hm seq mm	C	2q33-q35
218661422	218747484	FLJ12610	-	sv ev - seq mm	C	2q35

start	stop	symbol	orient.	links	evidence	cyto.	full name
218661422	218756153	FLJ31168	-	sv ev - seq mm	C	2q35	hypothetical protein FLJ31168
218757994	218764265	CGL-57	-	sv ev - seq mm	C	2q35	hypothetical protein CGL-57
218764328	218770601	MGC3035	+	sv ev - seq mm	C	2q35	hypothetical protein MGC3035
218792889	218795744	LOC130617	+	sv ev - seq mm	C	2q35	hypothetical protein BC018415
218795868	218805150	ABCB6	-	sv ev hm seq mm	C	2q36	ATP-binding cassette, sub-family B (MDR/TAP), member 6
218805477	218815728	FLJ22169	-	sv ev - seq mm	C	2q36.1	hypothetical protein FLJ22169
218815916	218822764	FLJ10415	+	sv ev hm seq mm	C	2q36.1	hypothetical protein FLJ10415
218822706	218831574	MGC10771	-	sv ev hm seq mm	C	2q36.1	hypothetical protein MGC10771
218831597	218835001	STK16	+	sv ev hm seq mm	C	2q34-q37	serine/threonine kinase 16
218835807	218864317	TUBA1	-	sv ev - seq mm	C	2q36.1	tubulin, alpha 1 (testis specific)

Mutations in IHH cause ACFD



The Indian Hedgehog gene

P46L

HH Drome)	CGPGRRG-LG- -RHRARN-LY	PLVLKQTIPN	LSEYTNSASG	PLEGVIRRDS	PKFKDLVPNY	NRDILFRDEE	GTGADGLMSK	RCKEKLNVLA	
IHH Mouse)	.....V.V.S	R.RPP.K..V	.AY..FS..	VP.K.LG...	RY..K.A.S.	ER..E.T...	.P..I.K...	N....R..TQ	...DR..S..
IHH Brare)	.....Y..	K.RTP.K..T	.AY..FS..	VA.K.LG...	RY..KVTPS.	ER..E.T...	.P..I.K...	N....RM..TQ	...D..S..
DHH Mouse)	.....PV..	R.RYV.KQ.V	.LY..FV.S	MP.R.LG...	.A..RVT.G.	ER.R.....	.P..I.K...	NS....R..TE	....RV.A..
DHH2 Xenla)	.....PV.G	R.RYM.R..V	.LY..FV..	VP.K.LG...	KS..K...G.	ER.IK.....	.P..I.K...	N....R..TE	...DRV.A..
TWHH Brare)	.....Y..	K.RHPKK..T	.AY..F...	VA.K.LG...	KY..K.T.N.	ER..E.I...	.P..I.K...	N.N..R..T.	...D..S..
AmphiHH)	....GR.F..	R.RHP.K..T	.F.Y..QM.A	V..N.FG...	LFN.R.T...	ER.HT.KQ.F	.T..I.K...	K....RF..TQ	...D..A..

*

HH Drome)	YSVMNEWPGI	RLLVTESWDE	DYHHGQESLH	YEGRAVTIAT	SDRDQSKYGM	LARLAVEAGF	DWVSYVSRRH	IYCSVKSDSS	ISSHVHG
IHH Mouse)	I....Q...V	K.R...G...	G..SE.....	.....D.T.	....RN...L	.....	....Y.E.KA.	VH.....EH.	AAAKTG.
IHH Brare)	I....L...V	..R...G...	GL.SE.....	.....D.T.	....RN..R	.....	....Y.E.KG.	VH.....EH.	VAAKTG.
DHH Mouse)	IA...M...V	..R...G...	G..A.D.....	LD.T.	....RN...L	.....	....Y.E..N.	.HV...A.N.	LAVRAG.
DHH2 Xenla)	I....M...L	K.R...G...	G..AHD.....	LD.T.	....RN.....	.....	....Y.E.KA.	.HV...NT.N.	LGVRSG.
TWHH Brare)	I....H...V	K.R...G...	G..LE.....	D.T.	....K.....S	.....	....Y.E.KA.	.H...AEN.	VAAKSG.
AmphiHH)	I....Q.E.V	K.R...G...	GF.TE.....	D.T.	....RT.....	.....	....Y.E.KA.	.H...AE.D	TTATQG.

V190A



BDA1 mutations
ACFD mutations

N-terminal signaling domain
C-terminal autoprocessing domain

Homozygous mutations

IHH

Indian hedgehog



Acrocapitofemoral
dysplasia
(AR)

Heterozygous mutations

IHH

Indian hedgehog



brachydactyly A1
(AD)

Heterozygous mutations

IHH

Indian hedgehog

ROR2

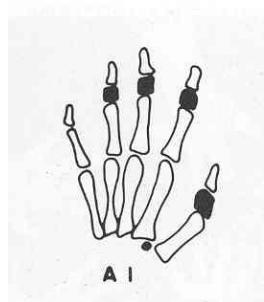
Receptor tyrosine kinase

GDF5 (CDMP1)

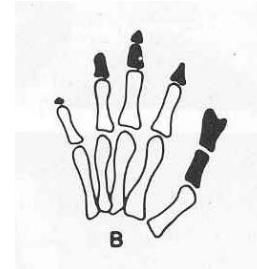
Growth/differentiation factor-5



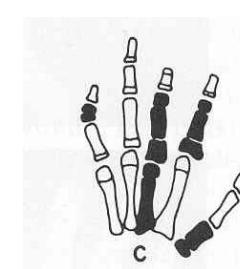
brachydactyly A1



brachydactyly B



brachydactyly C



Homozygous mutations

IHH

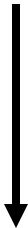
Indian hedgehog

ROR2

Receptor tyrosine kinase

GDF5 (CDMP1)

Growth/differentiation factor-5



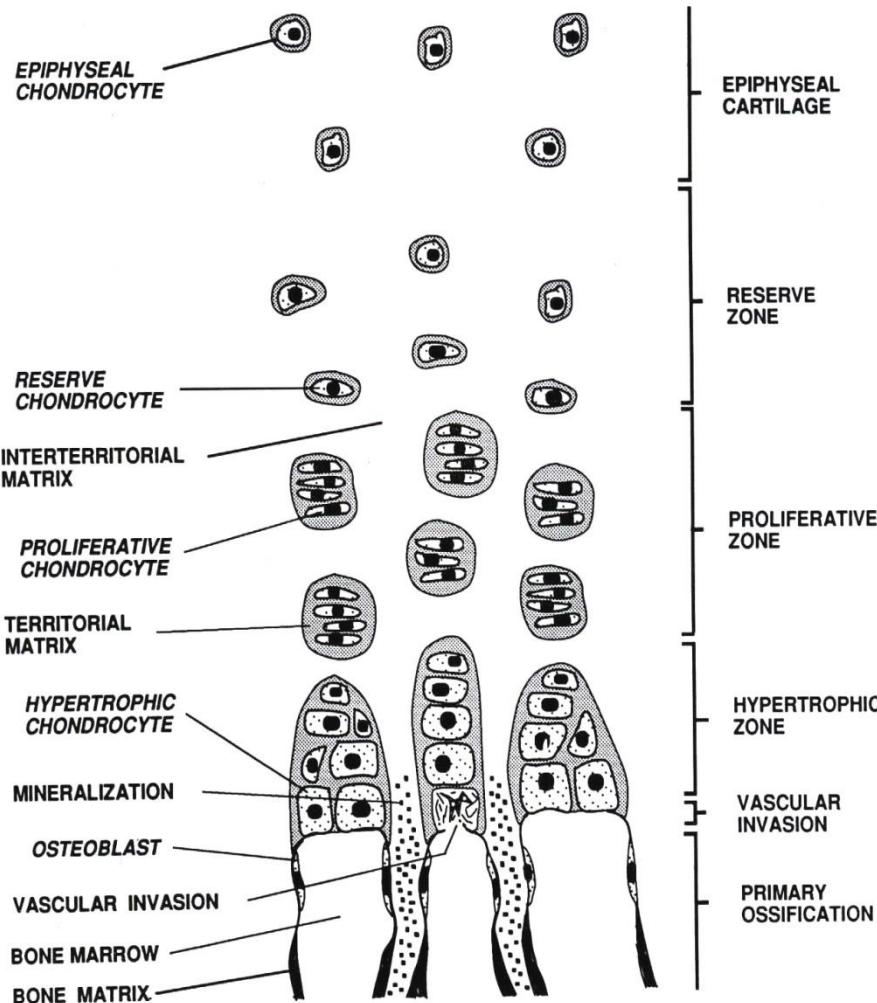
Acrocapitofemoral
dysplasia

Robinow syndrome

Grebe chondrodysplasia

more generalized skeletal disorder

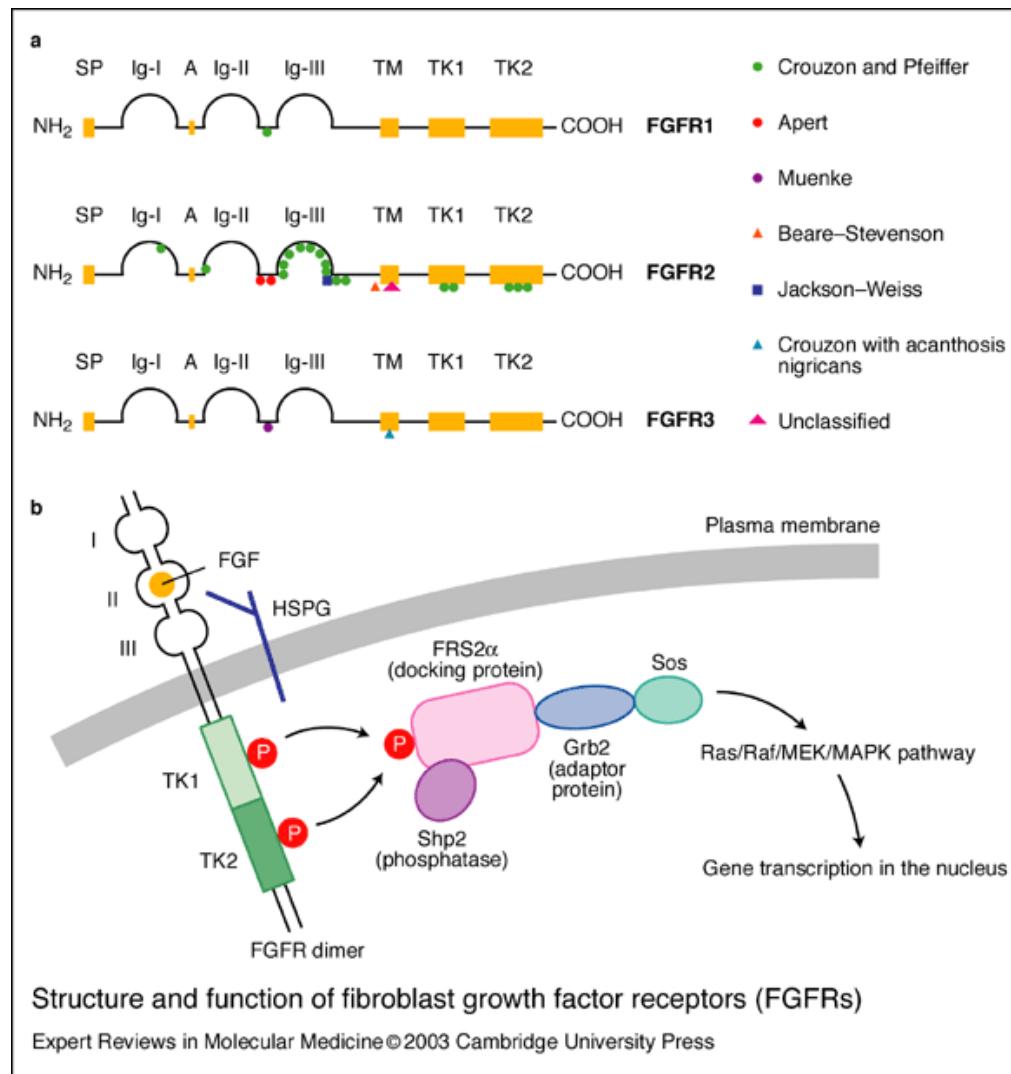
Growth plate



proliferation/differentiation balance

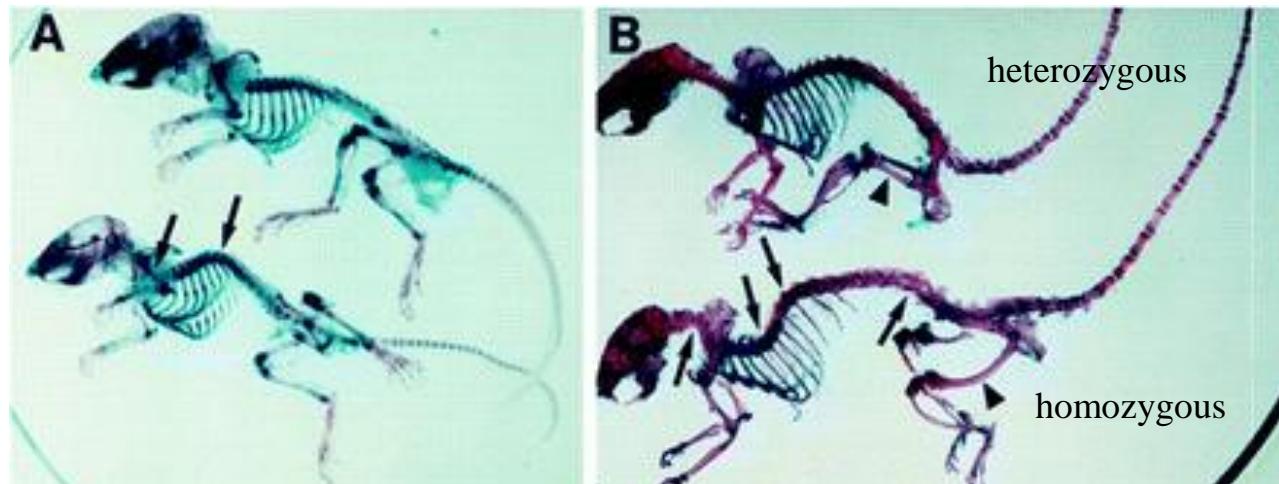
integrity of extracellular matrix

Fibroblast growth factor receptors



FGFR3

Negative regulator of endochondral ossification



Overgrowth of axial and appendicular skeleton in FGFR3-deficient mice

Deng C et al. Cell 1996 84:911-921

FGFR3 disorders



thanatophoric
dysplasia

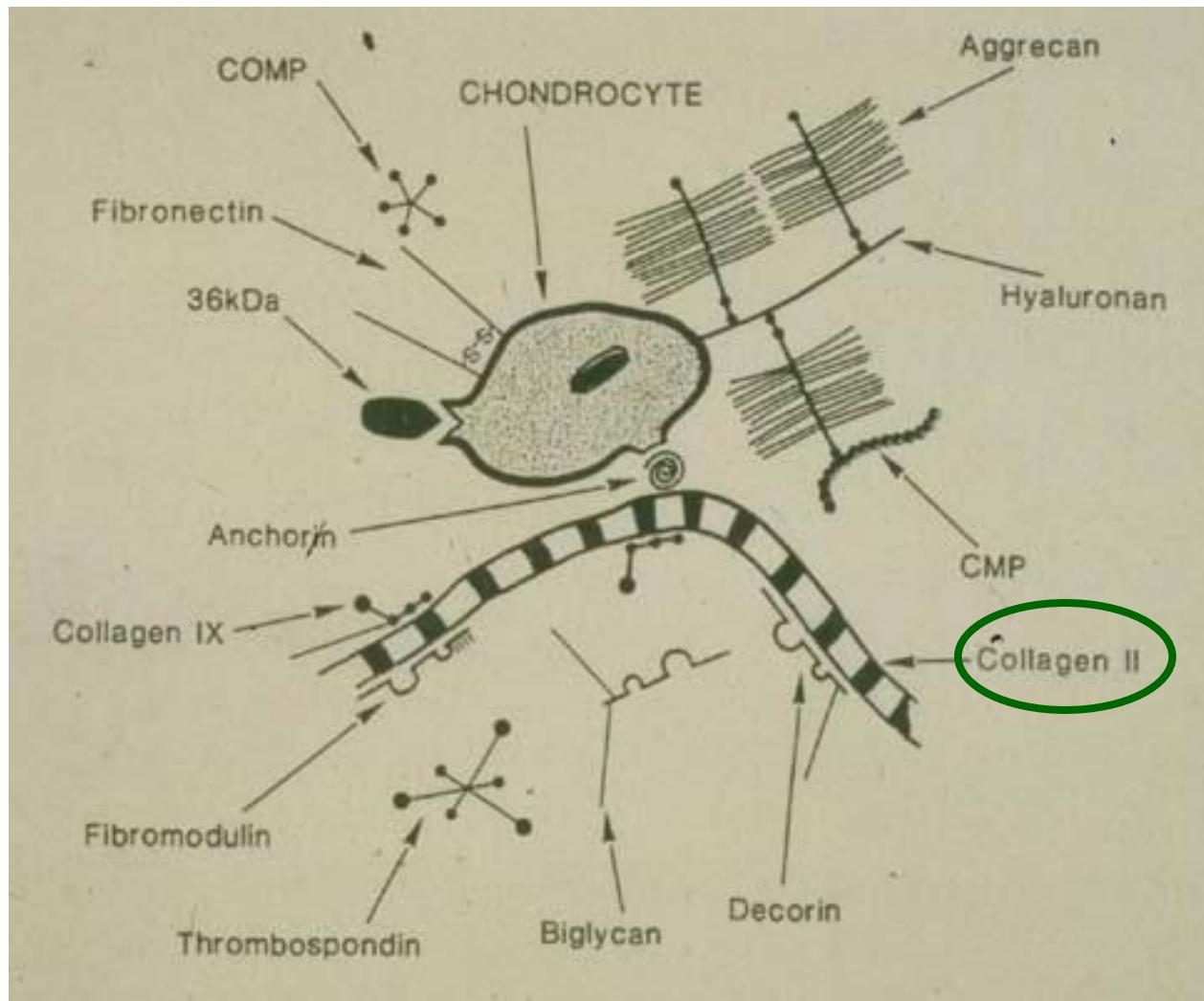


achondroplasia

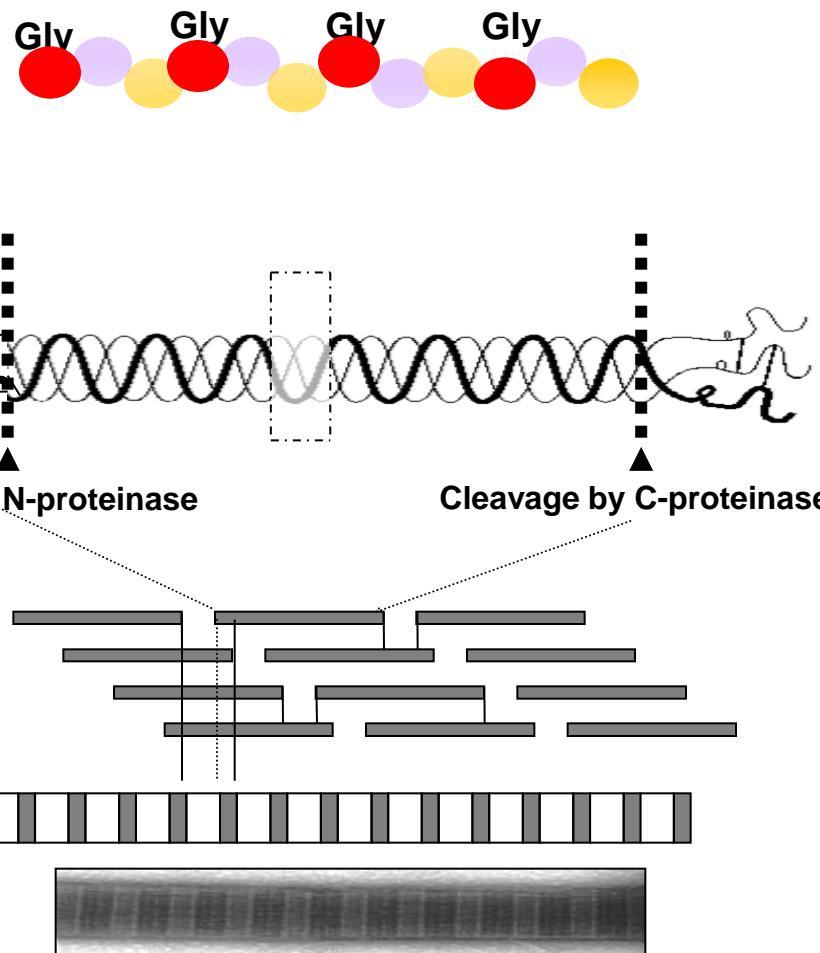
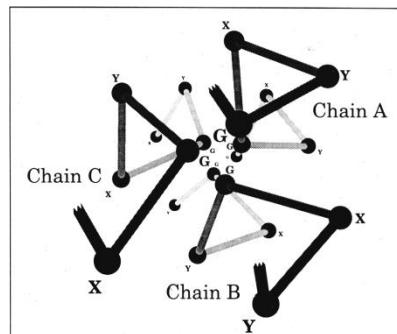


hypochondroplasia

Cartilage extracellular matrix



Fibrillar collagens



Great potential for errors

Type II collagen disorders

Lethal conditions



Short-trunk dwarfism



Osteoarthritis

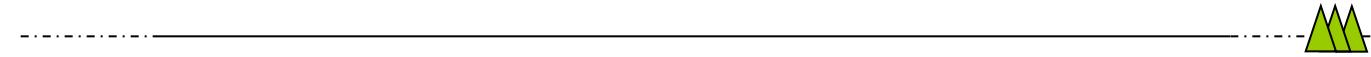


Genotype-phenotype correlations in type II collagen disorders

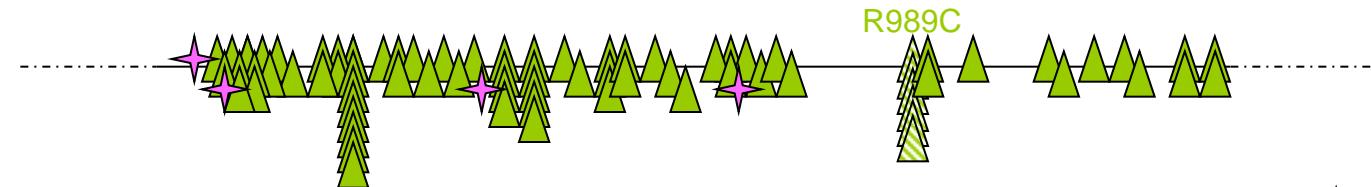
All-H



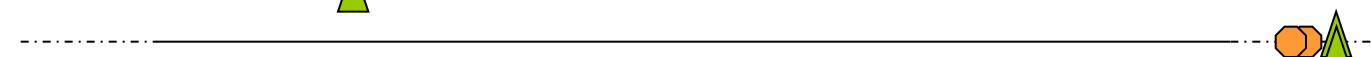
Torrance



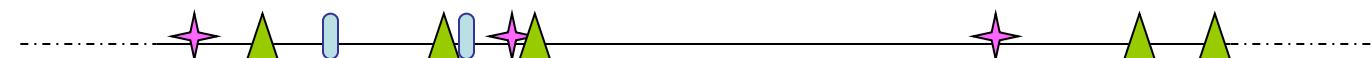
SE(M)D



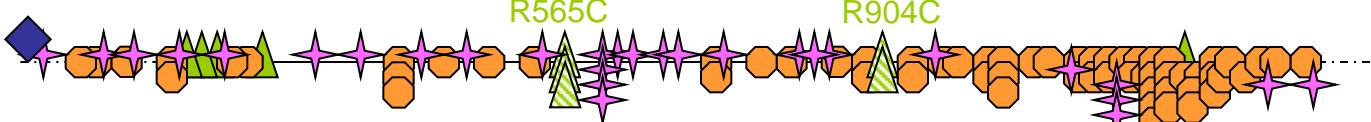
SPD



Kniest



Stickler



arthropathy



substitution



stopcodon



splicing



in-frame indel



large deletion



Arg to Cys mutations in the COL2A1 gene

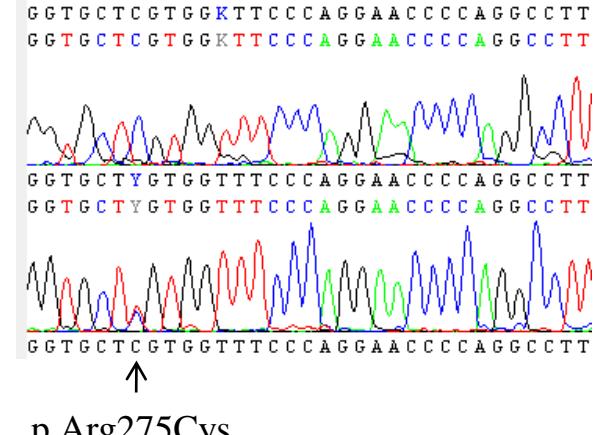
European Journal of Human Genetics (2007), 1–7
© 2007 Nature Publishing Group All rights reserved 1018-4813/07 \$30.00
www.nature.com/ejhg



ARTICLE

Czech dysplasia metatarsal type: another type II collagen disorder

Kristien P Hoornaert¹, Ivo Marik², Kazimierz Kozlowski³, Trevor Cole⁴, Martine Le Merrer⁵, Jules G Leroy¹, Paul J Coucke¹, David Sillence⁶ and Geert R Mortier^{*,1}

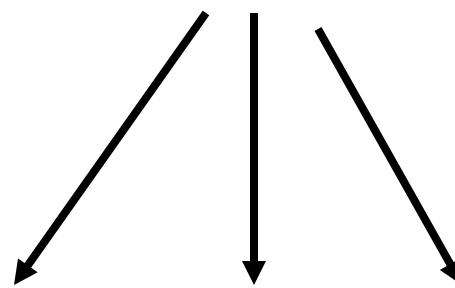


p.Arg275Cys



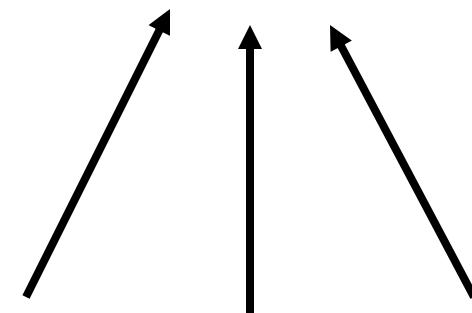
- normal stature
- early-onset arthropathy
- short (postaxial) toes
- absence of ocular/orofacial anomalies
- RX: spondylo-arthropathy

one gene



several phenotypes

one phenotype

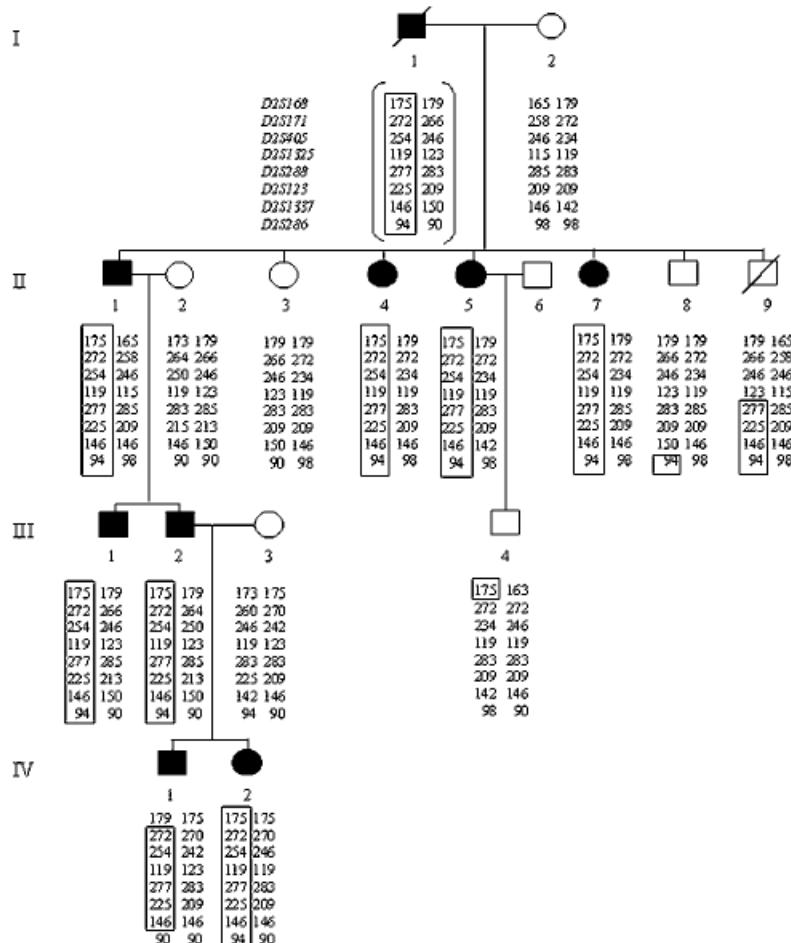


several genes

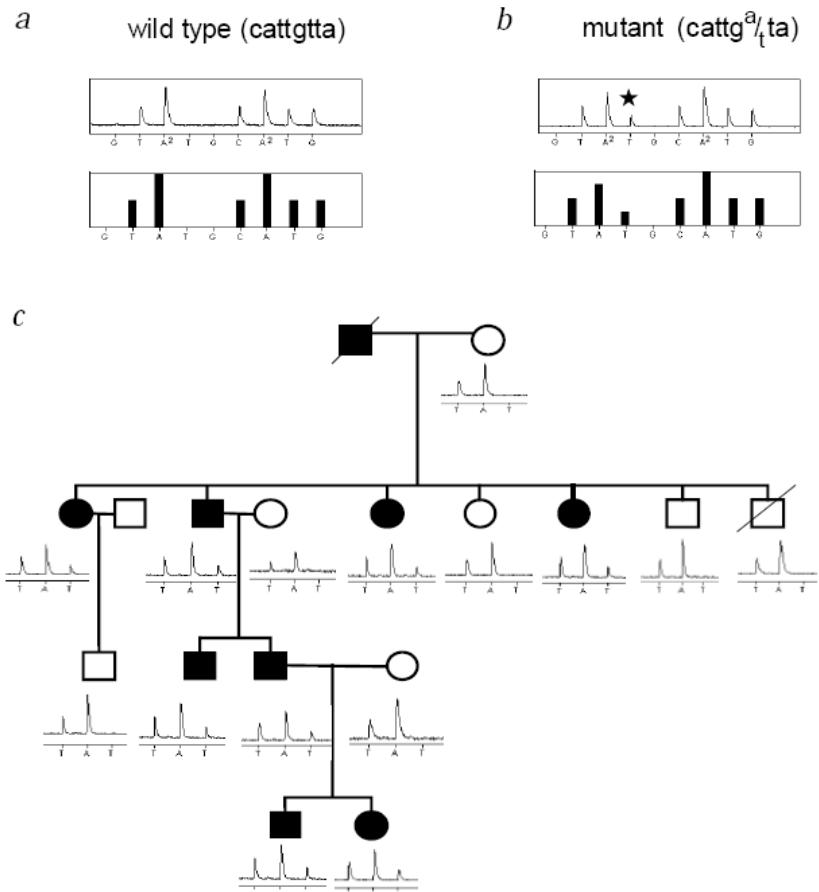
Multiple epiphyseal dysplasia



Multiple epiphyseal dysplasia



Mutations in the region encoding the von Willebrand factor A domain of matrin-3 are associated with multiple epiphyseal dysplasia



Mortier GR et al. Eur J Hum Genet 2001;9:606
Chapman KL et al. Nat Genet 2001;28:393

Multiple epiphyseal dysplasia

COL9A1

COL9A2

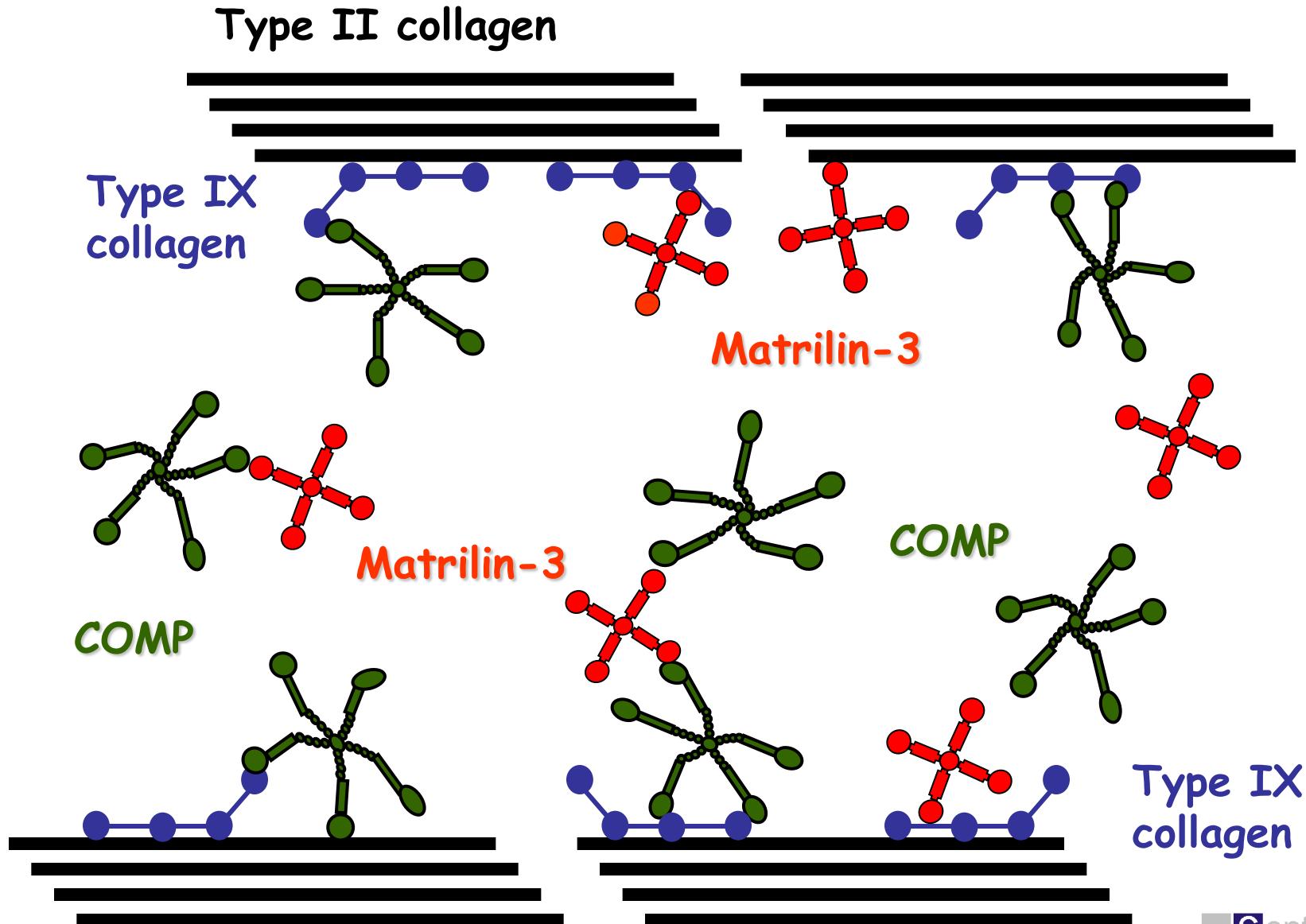
COL9A3



COMP

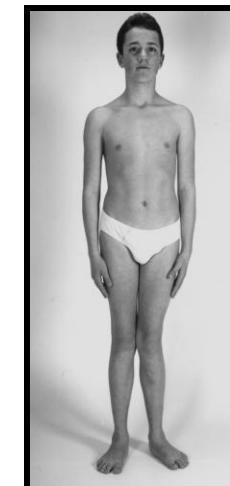
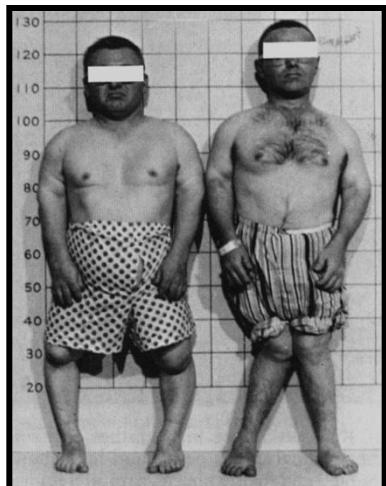
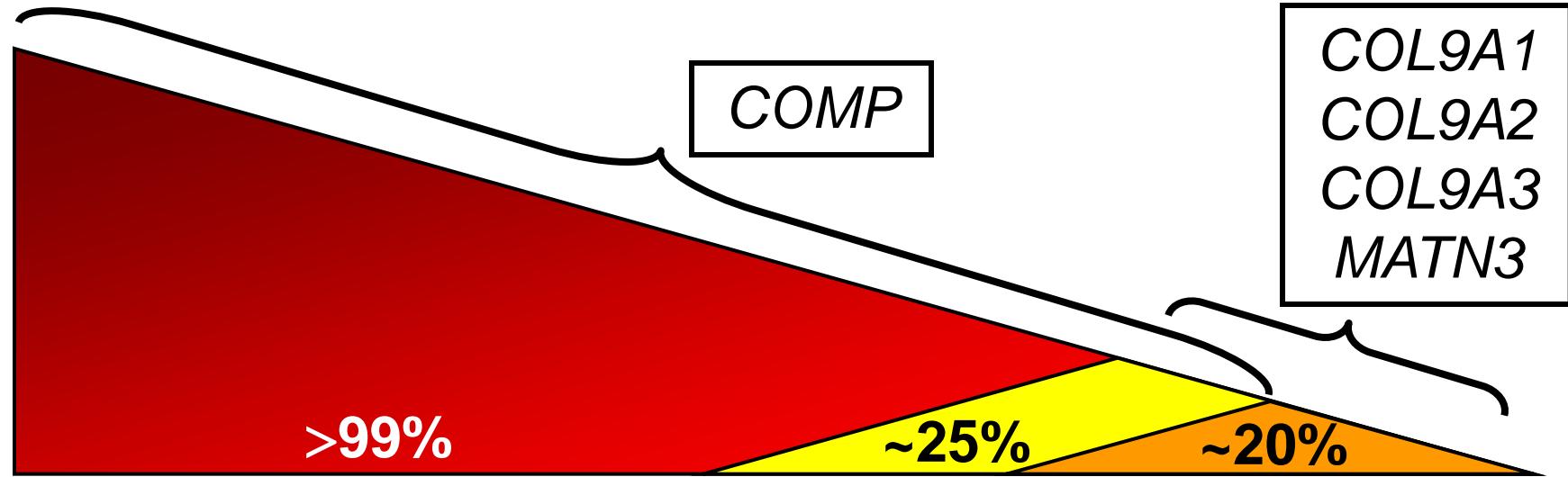
MATN3

Multiple epiphyseal dysplasia



Courtesy of M Briggs - Manchester

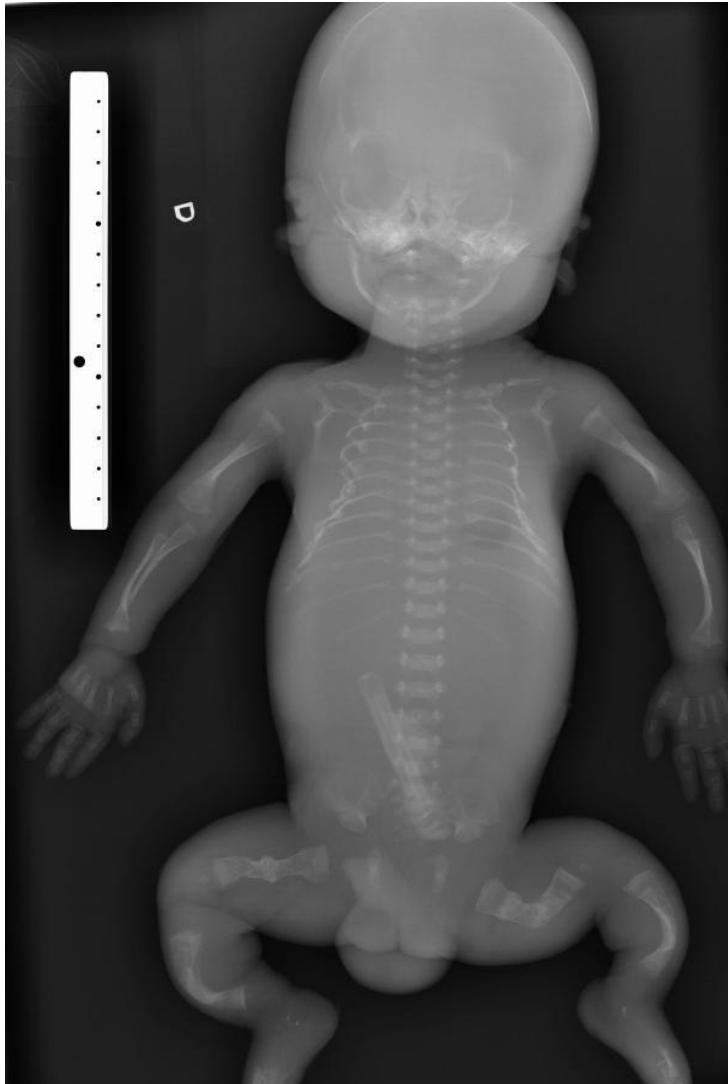
PSACH-MED disease spectrum



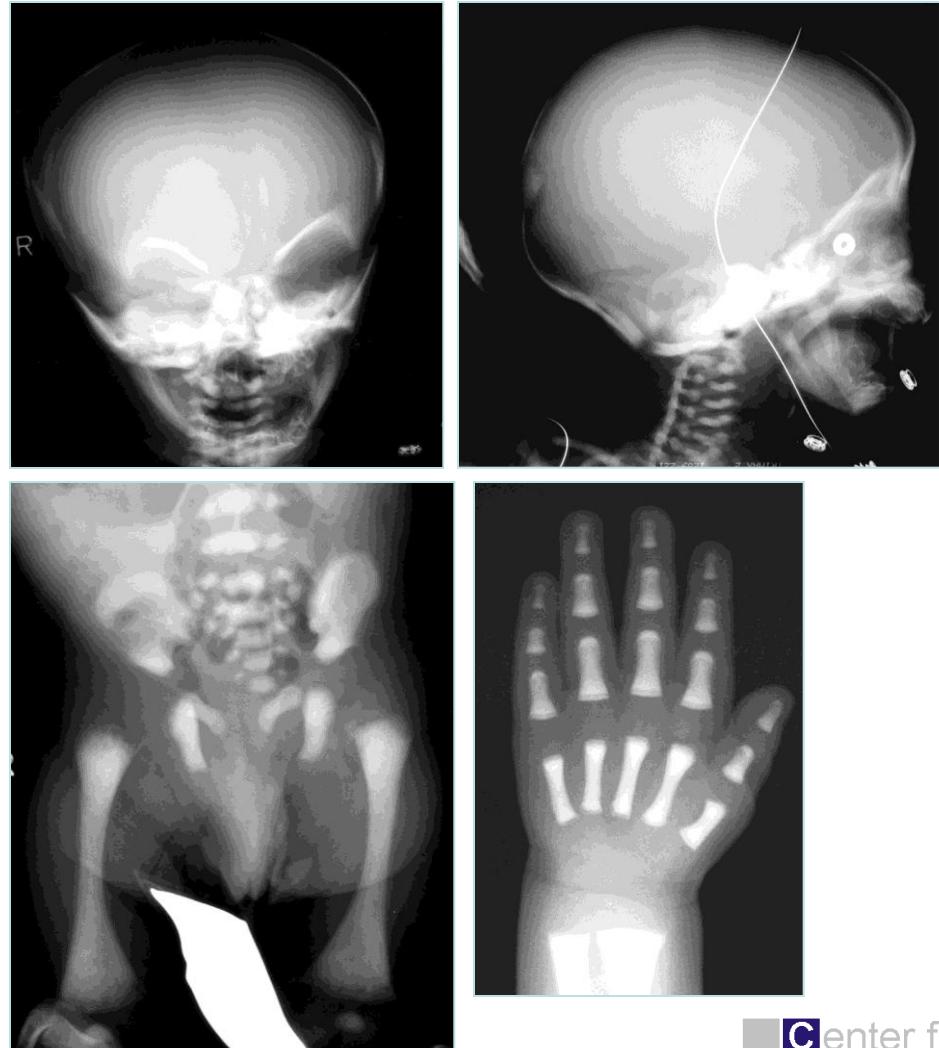
Courtesy of M Briggs - Manchester

Disorders affecting bone homeostasis

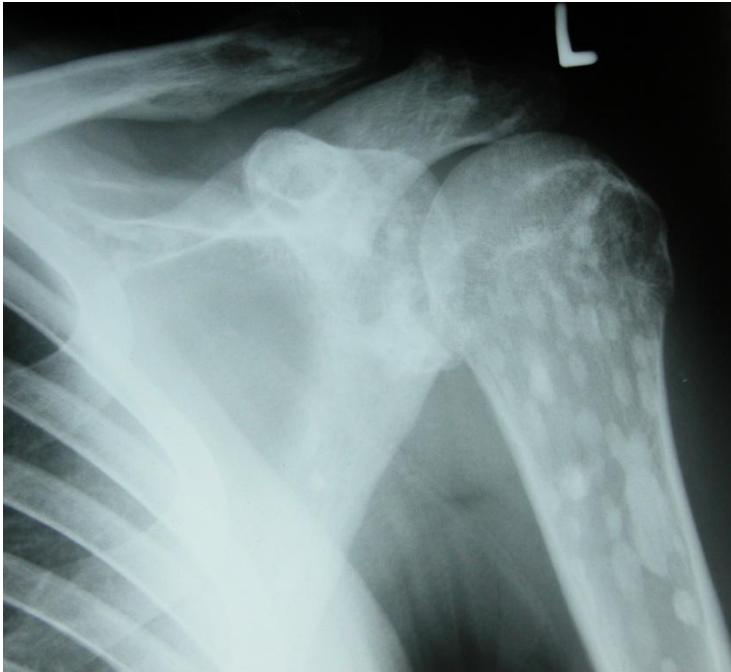
OSTEOGENESIS IMPERFECTA



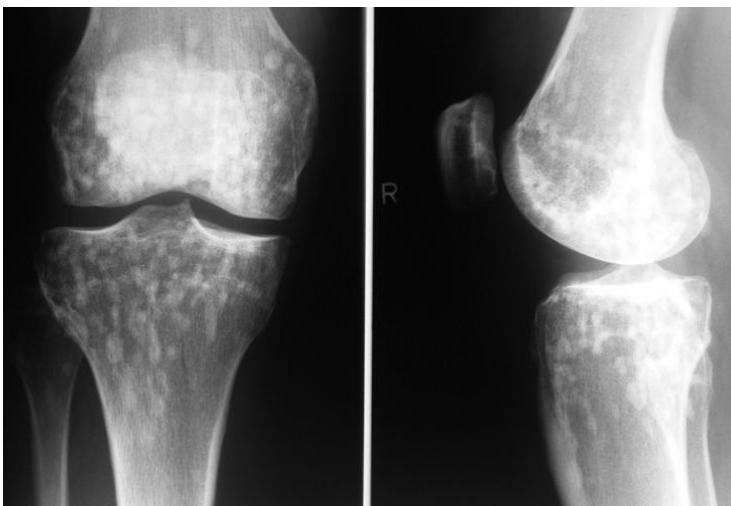
OSTEOPETROSIS



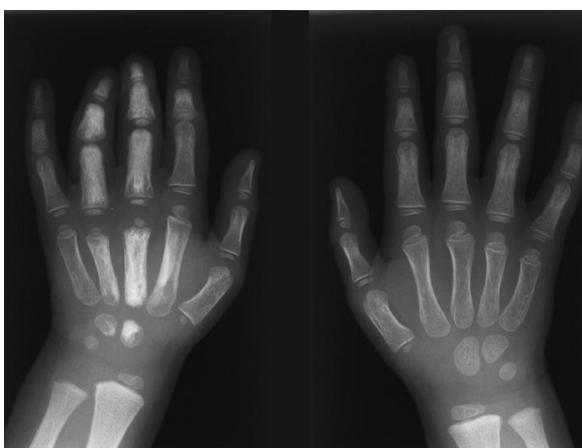
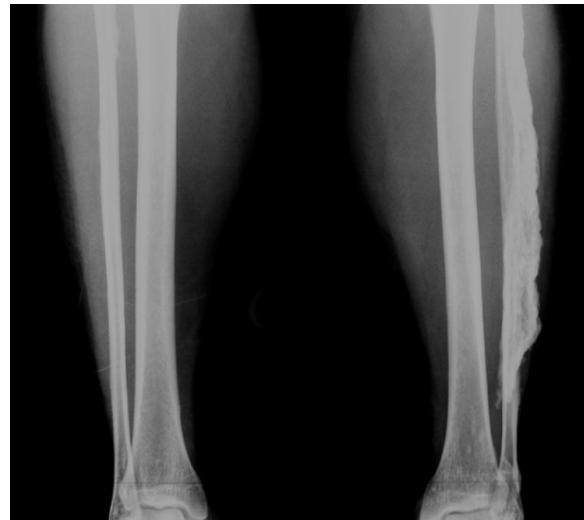
Osteopoikilosis



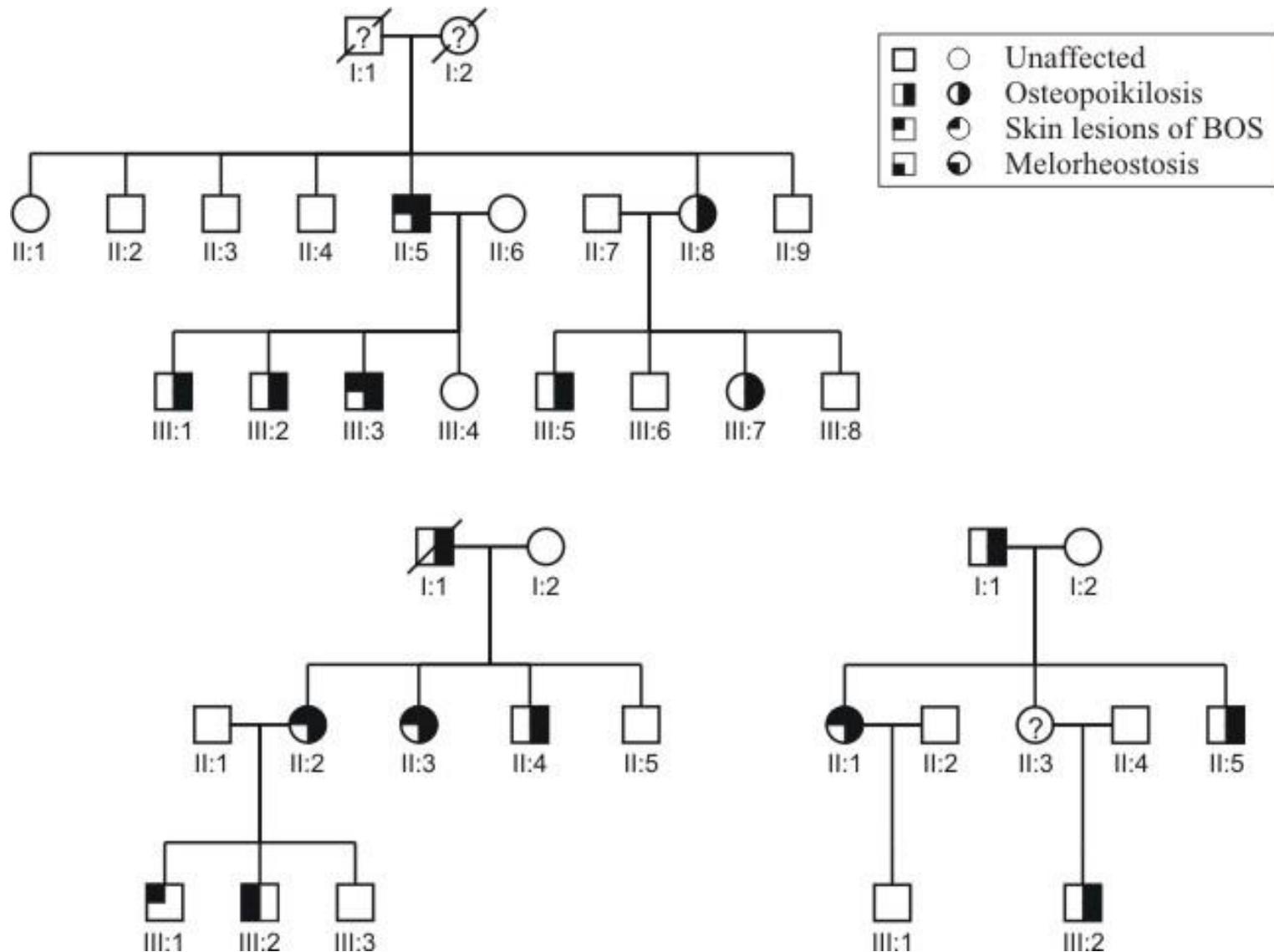
- benign condition
 - autosomal dominant
 - hyperostotic spots
 - isolated or in association with other skin/bone lesions
- (Buschke-Ollendorff syndrome)



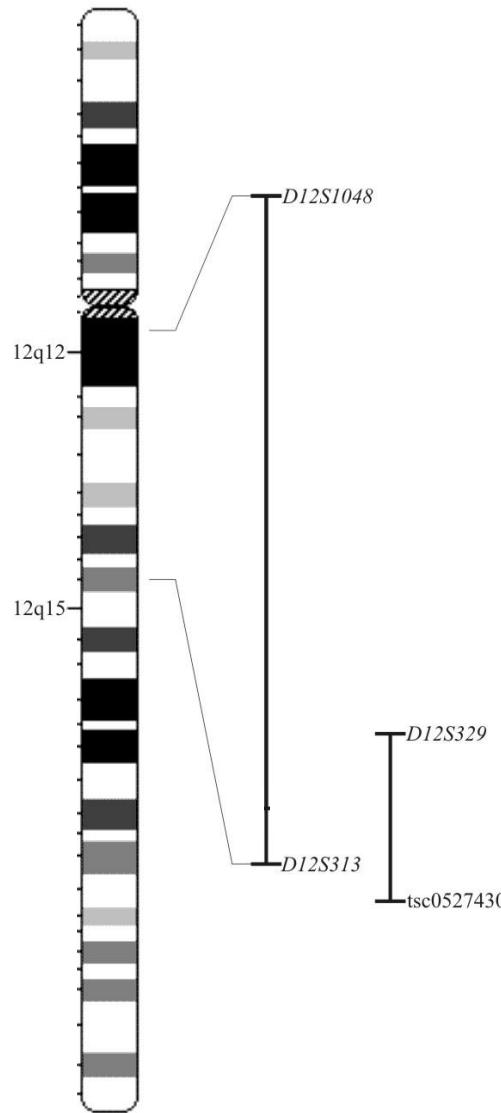
Melorheostosis



Linkage analysis and candidate gene approach



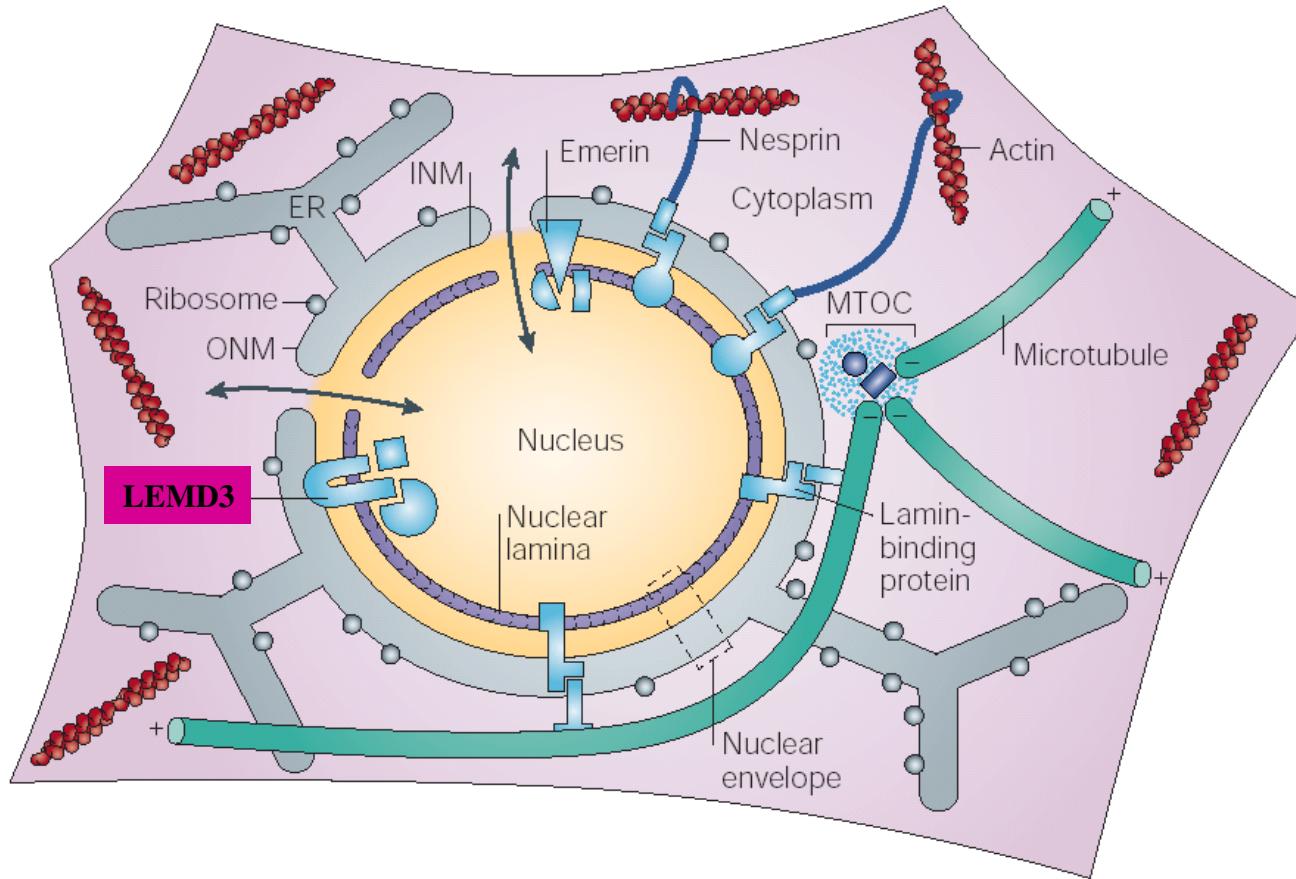
Gene mapping



- Genome wide linkage analysis
- Linkage for two markers on 12q
- Region: D12S1048 – D12S1663
- Combined maximum two-point LOD score of 6.691
- Identification of microdeletion between D12S329 and tsc0527430
- Region of interest:
 - 3.07Mb
 - 23 genes
- Two candidate genes:
 - WIF1*
 - LEMD3*

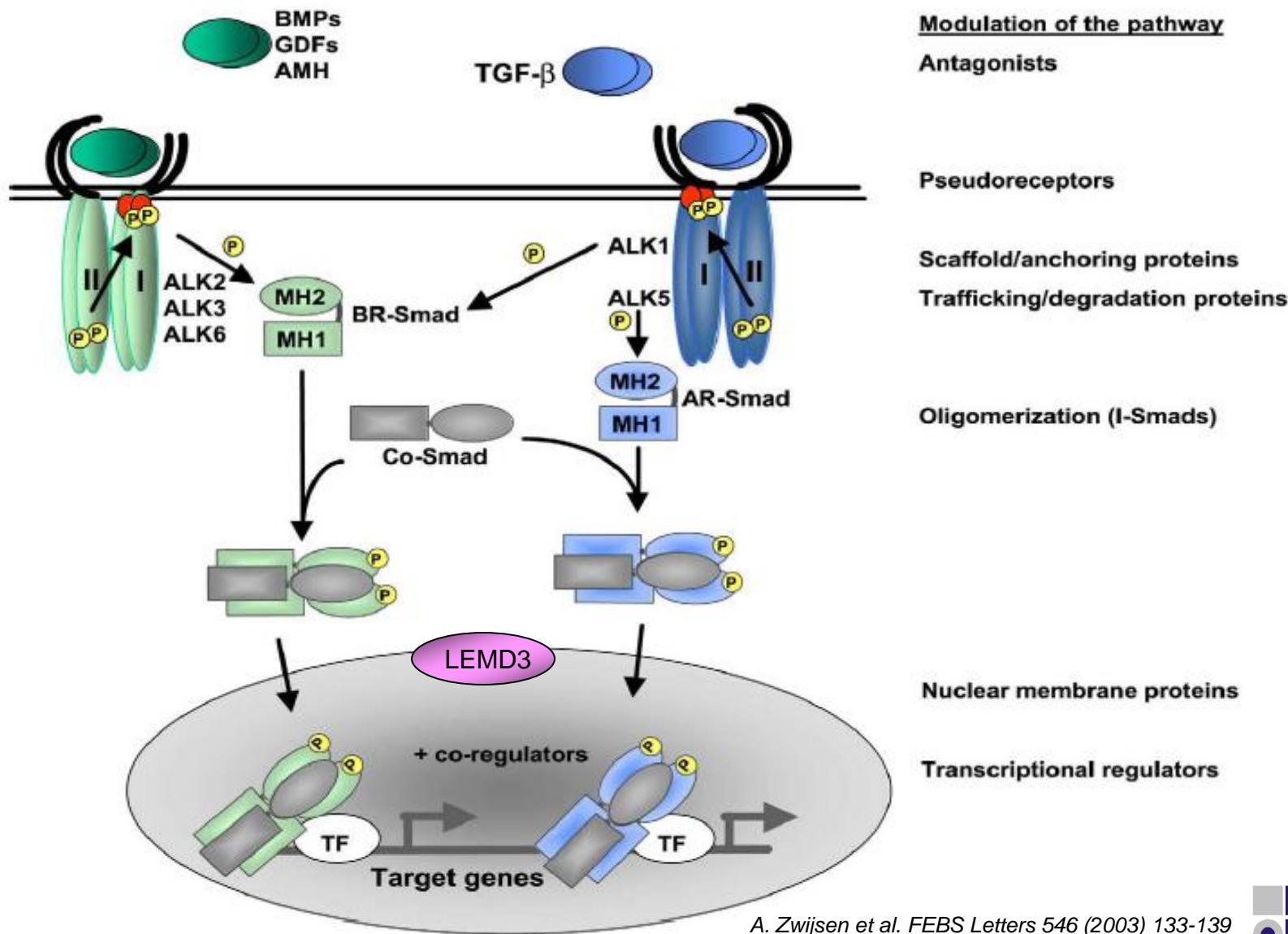
Hellemans J et al. Nat Genet 2004;36:1213

LEMD3: integral protein of the inner nuclear membrane



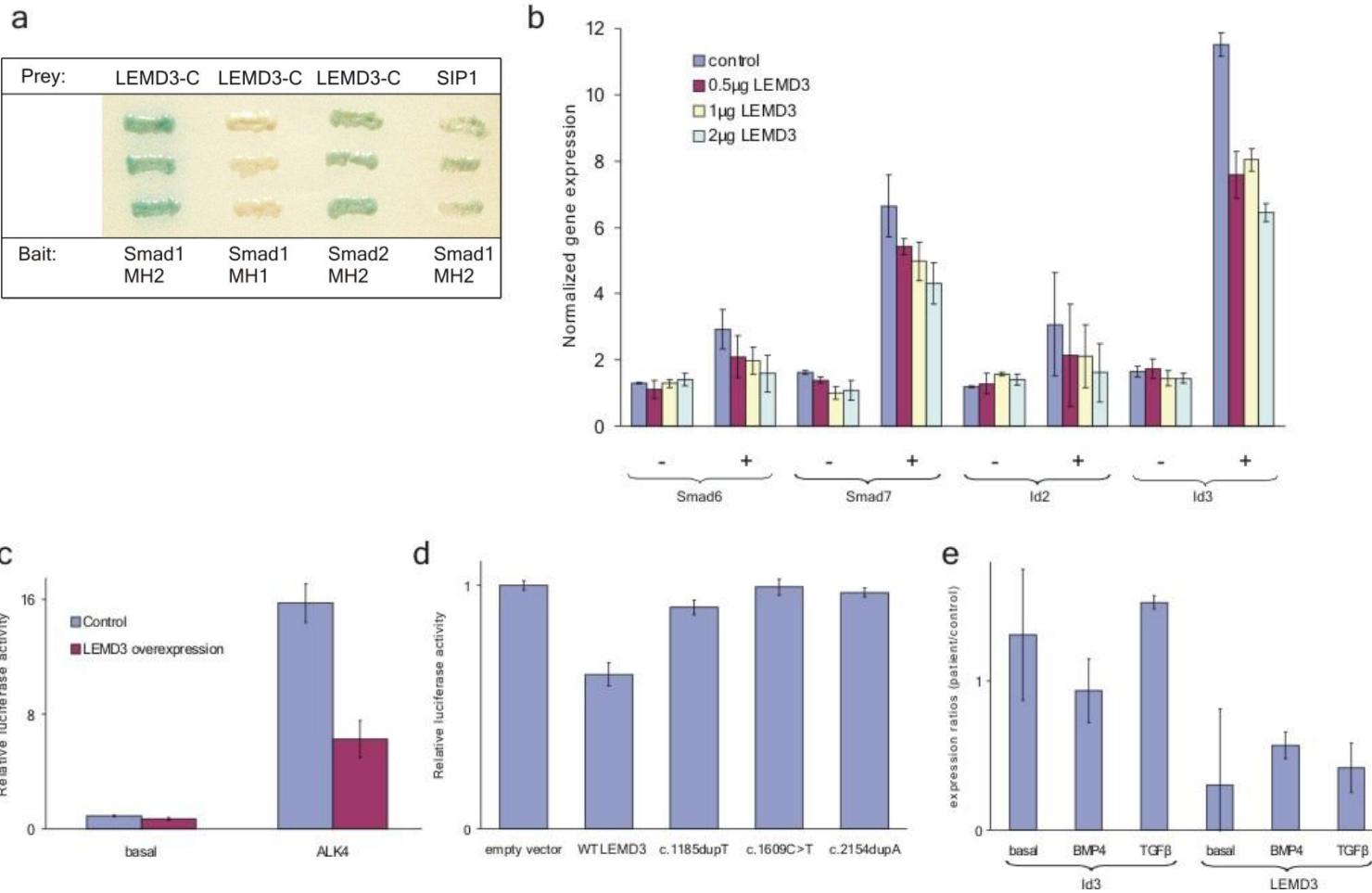
Adapted from Gruenbaum Y et al. Nature Rev Mol Cell Biol 6,21,2005

Mutations in LEMD3 cause osteopoikilosis

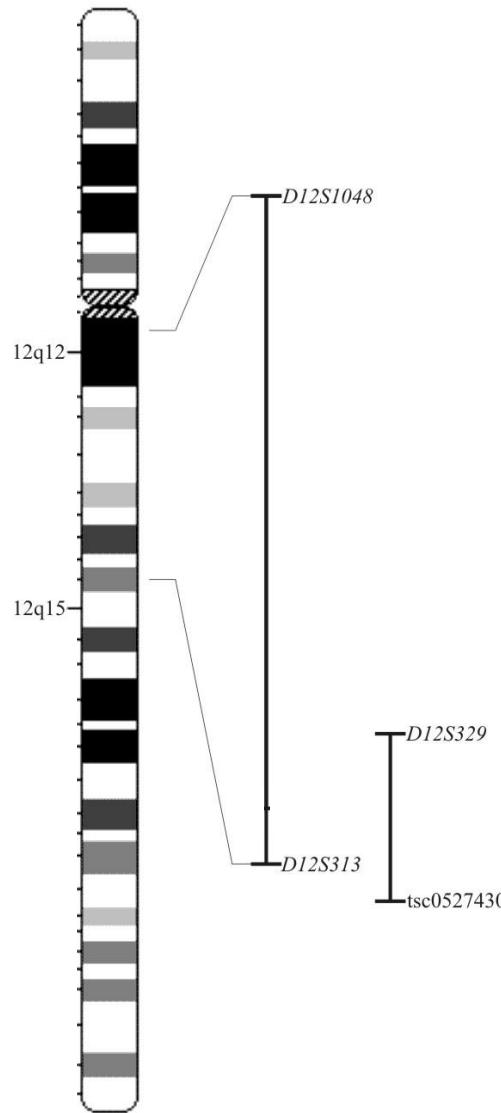


A. Zwijnen et al. FEBS Letters 546 (2003) 133-139

LEMD3 in BMP/TGF β signaling



Gene mapping



- Genome wide linkage analysis
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Hellemans J et al. Nat Genet 2004;36:1213

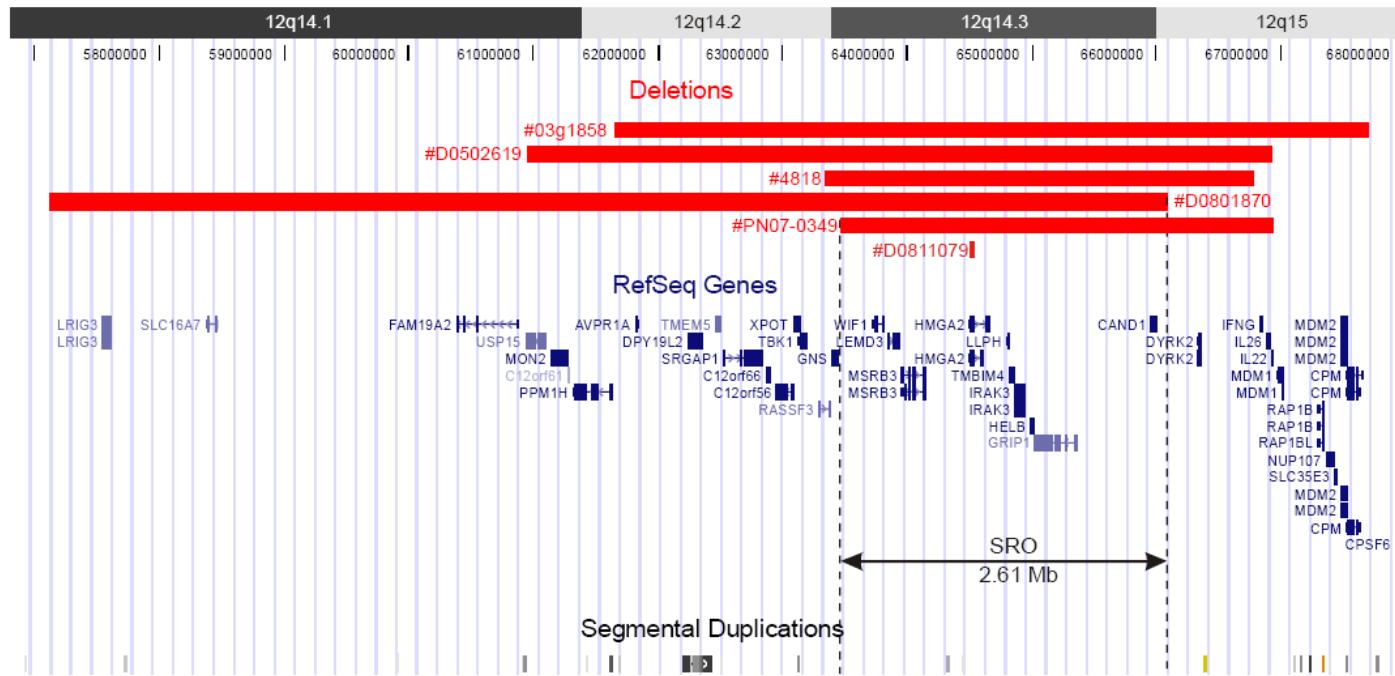
12q14 microdeletion syndrome

SHORT REPORT

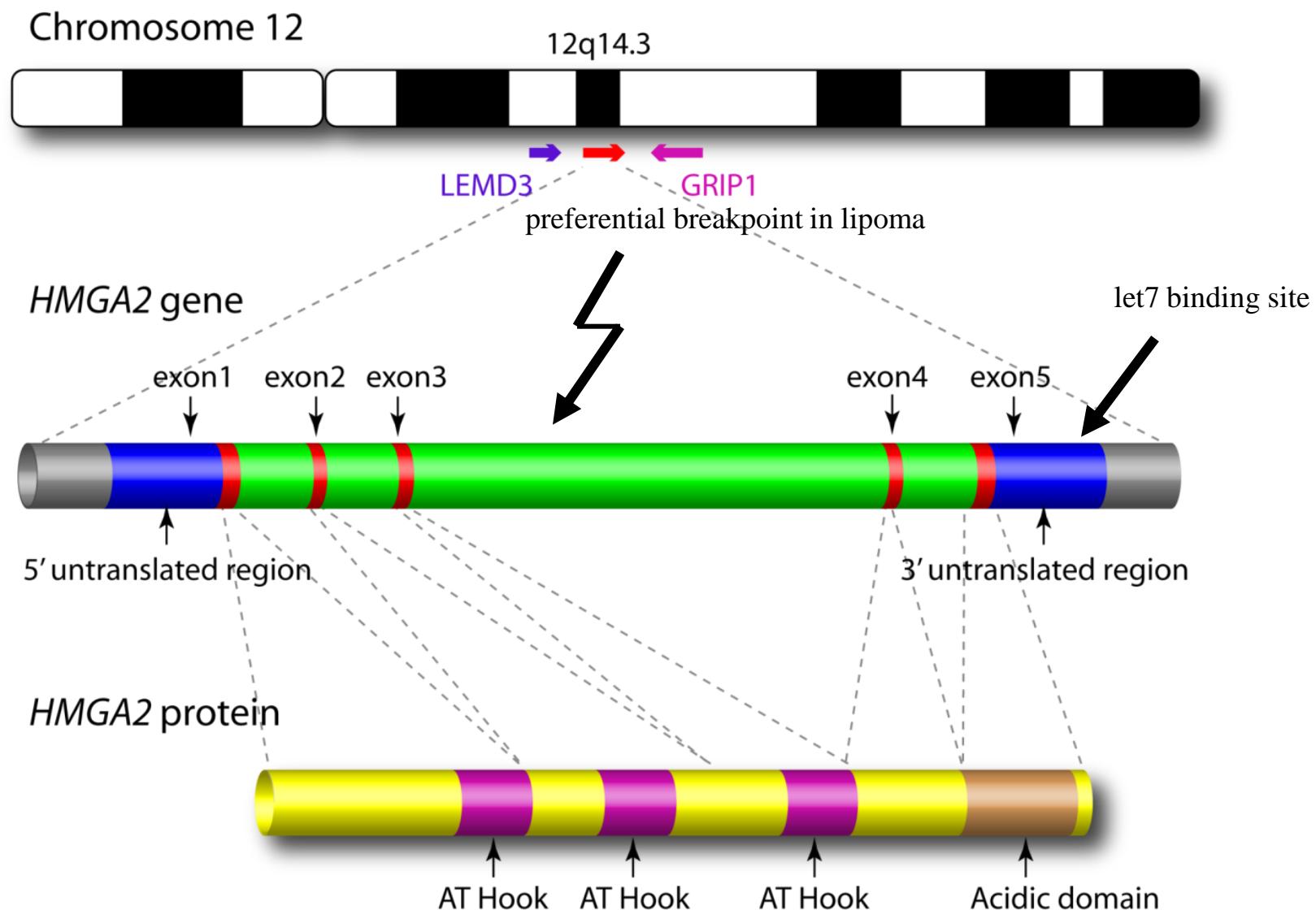
Osteopoikilosis, short stature and mental retardation as key features of a new microdeletion syndrome on 12q14

Björn Menten, Karen Buysse, Farah Zahir, Jan Hellermans, Sara J Hamilton, Teresa Costa, Carrie Fagerstrom, George Anadiotis, Daniel Kingsbury, Barbara C McGillivray, Marco A Marra, Jan M Friedman, Frank Speleman, Geert Mortier

J Med Genet 2007;44:264–268. doi: 10.1136/jmg.2006.047860



The HMGA2 gene



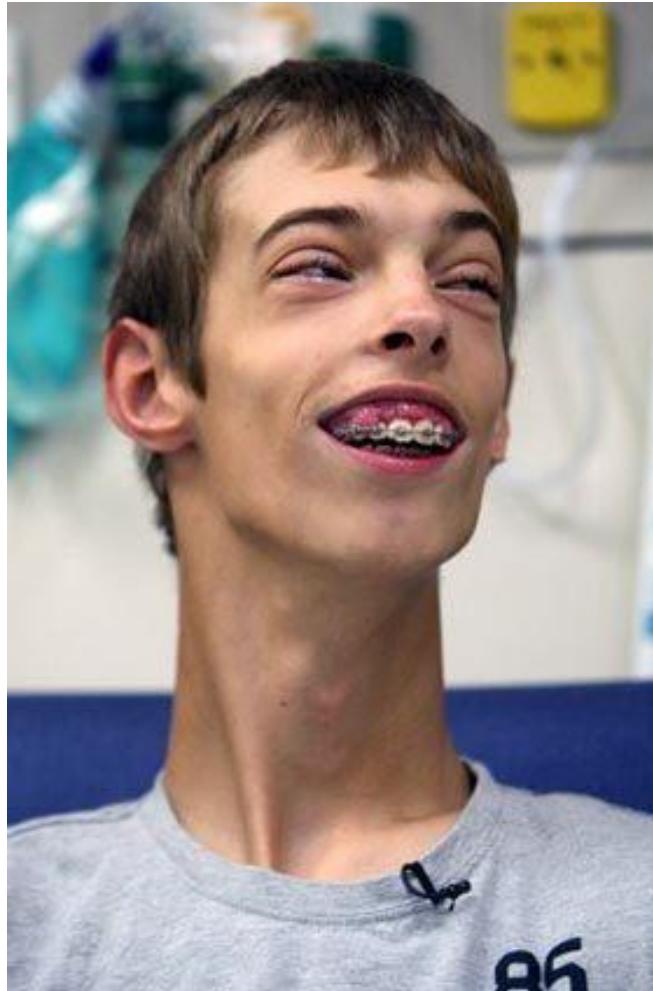
Mayr et al. (2007) Science 315, 1576

HMGA2 knockout mouse



Zhou et al. (1995) *Nature* 376(6543):771-4

Chromosomal inversion disrupting HMGA2



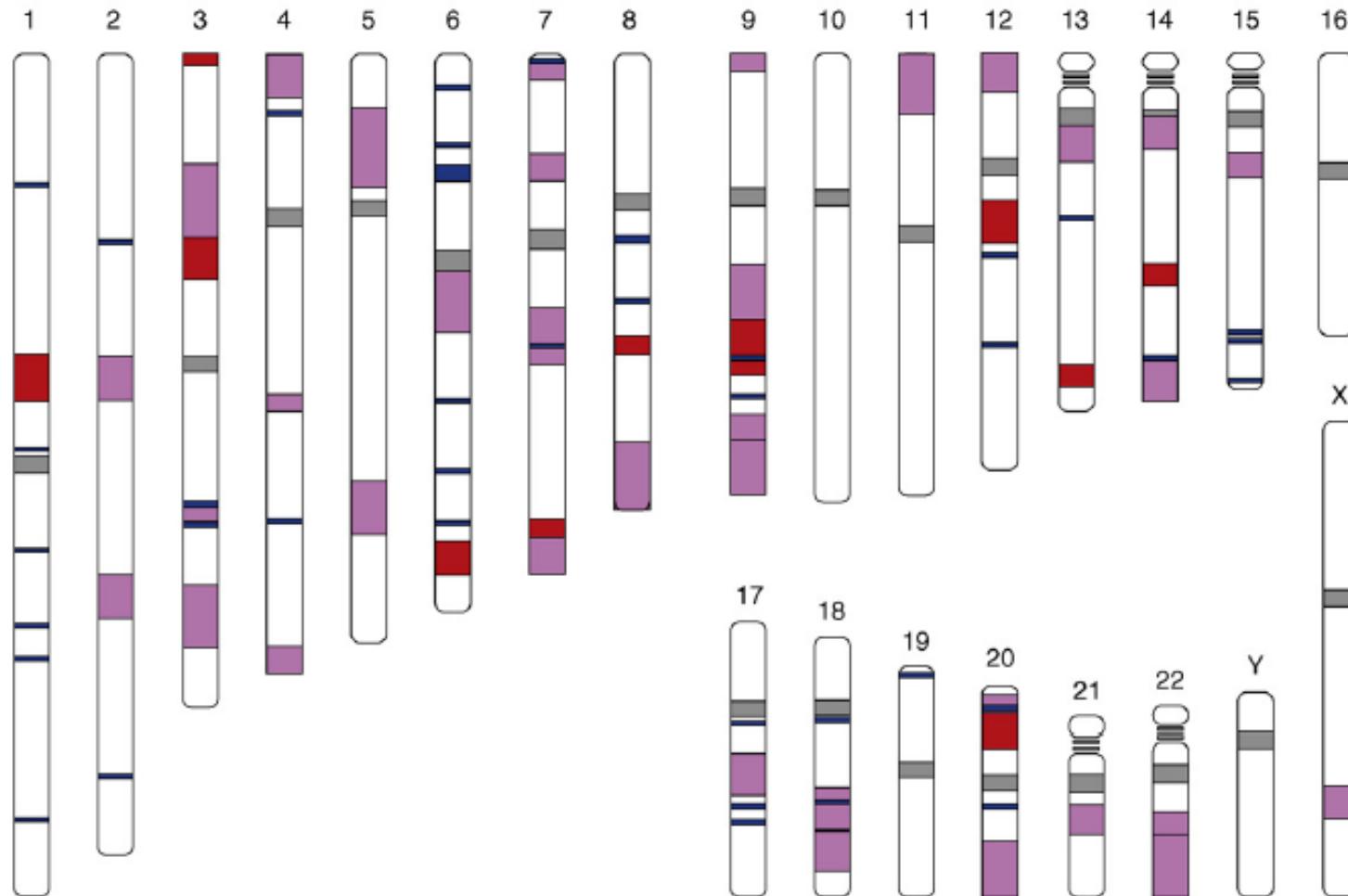
Height: 220 cm!

A common variant of *HMGA2* is associated with adult and childhood height in the general population

Michael N Weedon^{1,2,21}, Guillaume Lettre^{3,4,21}, Rachel M Freathy^{1,2,21}, Cecilia M Lindgren^{5,6,21}, Benjamin F Voight^{3,7}, John R B Perry^{1,2}, Katherine S Elliott⁵, Rachel Hackett³, Candace Guiducci³, Beverley Shields², Eleftheria Zeggini⁵, Hana Lango^{1,2}, Valeriya Lyssenko^{8,9}, Nicholas J Timpson^{5,10}, Noel P Burtt³, Nigel W Rayner⁶, Richa Saxena^{3,7,11}, Kristin Ardlie³, Jonathan H Tobias¹², Andrew R Ness¹³, Susan M Ring¹⁴, Colin N A Palmer¹⁵, Andrew D Morris¹⁶, Leena Peltonen^{3,17,18}, Veikko Salomaa¹⁹, The Diabetes Genetics Initiative, The Wellcome Trust Case Control Consortium, George Davey Smith¹⁰, Leif C Groop^{8,9}, Andrew T Hattersley^{1,2}, Mark I McCarthy^{5,6,21}, Joel N Hirschhorn^{3,4,20,21} & Timothy M Frayling^{1,2,21}

up <http://www.nature.com/naturegenetics>

Genome-wide association studies



47 loci identified

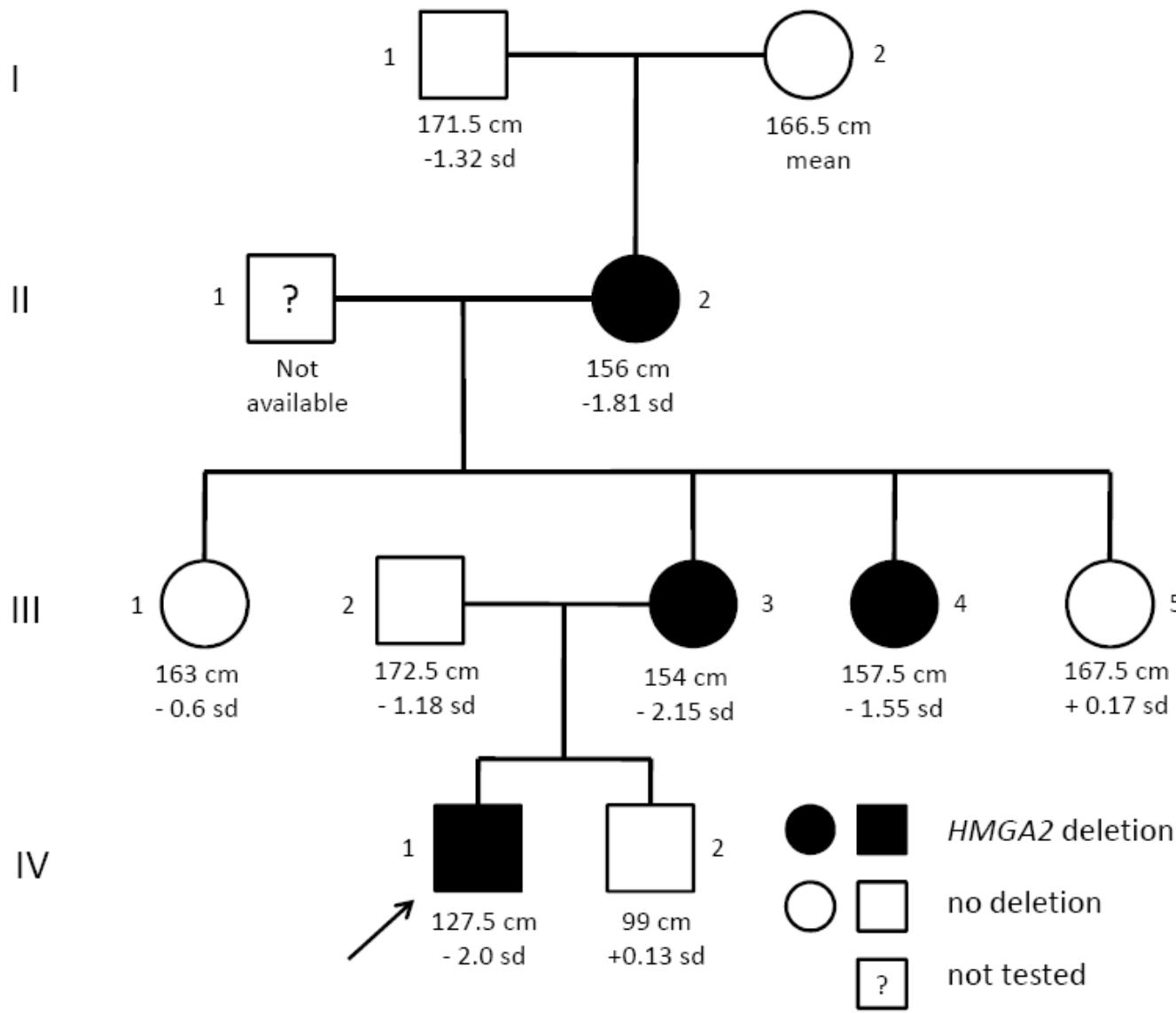
TRENDS in Genetics

Genome-wide association studies

Table 1. Height loci in instances in which there is a strong case for the causality of a specific gene.

Index SNP ^a	Chr	Position (bp) ^b	Recombination region (kb) ^c	N genes ^d	Implicated gene ^e	Human growth or skeletal monogenic syndrome ^f	Mouse knockout causes skeletal or growth defects ^g	Expression evidence
rs6686842	1	41303458	287	3	<i>SCMH1</i>		Skeletal defects	
rs6724465	2	219652090	194	6	<i>IHH</i>	Brachydactyly	Skeletal defects	
rs10935120	3	135715782	186	3	<i>ANAPC13</i>			Yes [29]
rs6440003	3	142576899	299	2	<i>ZBTB38</i>			Yes [21]
rs1812175	4	145794294	134	1	<i>HHIP</i>		Skeletal defects	
rs12198986	6	7665058	54	1	<i>BMP6</i>		Skeletal and growth	
rs1776897	6	34302989	72	2	<i>HMGA1</i>		Growth and size	
rs2814993	6	34726871	813	10	<i>PPARD</i>		Growth and size	
rs4713858	6	35510763	85	4	<i>PPARD</i>		Growth and size	
rs798544	7	2729628	189	2	<i>GNA12</i>			Yes [29]
rs2282978	7	92102346	300	5	<i>CDK6</i>		Growth and size	Yes [29]
rs10958476	8	57258362	137	2	<i>PLAG1</i>		Growth and size	
rs9650315	8	57318152	137	2	<i>PLAG1</i>		Growth and size	
rs7846385	8	78322734	162	0	<i>PXMP3</i>	Zellweger syndrome	Skeletal defects	
rs10512248	9	97299524	176	1	<i>PTCH1</i>	Gorlin syndrome, holoprosencephaly	Skeletal defects	
rs1042725	12	64644614	84	1	<i>HMGA2</i>	Tall stature	Growth and size	
rs11107116	12	92502635	47	1	<i>SOCS2</i>		Growth and size	
rs8041863	15	87160693	25	1	<i>ACAN</i>	Spondyloepiphyseal dysplasia type Kimberley	Skeletal and growth	
rs3760318	17	26271841	226	4	<i>RNF135</i>	Overgrowth syndrome		
rs4794665	17	52205328	108	2	<i>NOG</i>	Various skeletal defects	Skeletal and growth	
rs757608	17	56852059	65	3	<i>TBX2</i>		Skeletal defects	
rs8099594	18	45245158	498	3	<i>DYM</i>	Dyggve-Melchior- Clausen		
rs967417	20	6568893	49	0	<i>BMP2</i>		Skeletal and growth	
rs6060369	20	33370575	673	13	<i>GDF5</i>	Various skeletal defects	Skeletal defects	

HMGA2 intragenic deletion in proportionate short stature



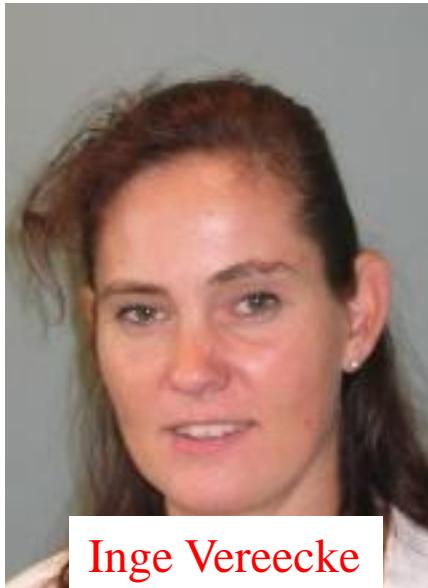
CONCLUSIONS

The study of rare genetic disorders has led to the identification of genes that are important in human growth and development.

These new insights can enhance our understanding of the pathophysiology of more common disorders in the population such as growth disorders, cancer, osteoporosis and osteoarthritis.

This new knowledge may also unravel the genetic factors that determine variation in human height

Acknowledgments



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European Skeletal Dysplasia Network
Melorheostosis Association